Question Paper Set of

T.Y.B.M.S. - Sem-VI

Regular Exam

University of Mumbai

April, 2019

2Hrs 30 min	r you have got the right question paper.
Note t 1. All questions are compulsory	(Subject to Internal Choice)
Pipures to the right indicate I Use of non-programmable of	fall marks, alculator is allowed and mobile phones are not
allowed. A Normal distribution table is r	orinted on the last page for reference
5. Support your answers with di	lagrams illustrations, wherever necessary.
6. Graph papers will be supplied	
()1.A) Multiple choice questions (Atten i) in linear programming, unbounded solt a) Infeasible solution (b) Degenerate so	
ii) If M+N-1 - Number of allocations (Where 'M' is number of rows and 'N' is a) There is no degeneracy b) Problem c) Problem is degenerate d) Solution	number of columns) is unbalanced
iii) Floats for critical activities will be alw a) One b) Zero c) Highest	d) Same as duration of the activity
iv). The total time required to complete all	the Jobs in a job sequencing problem is known as
a) Idle time (b) Processing time (c) E	lapsed time d) Processing order
v) in linear programming, repre- the problem. a) Objective function b) Decision va-	riable (2) Redundancy d) Constraints
a) Problem is degenerate b) P	roblem is unbalanced. Optimal solution is not possible
postponements is termed as	iry will be completed assuming all possible delays and irre c) Pessimistic time d) Expected time
viil) The various alternatives or courses of	factions available to each player in a game are called as
a) Saddle points (b) Strategies (c)	Pay off d) 'n' player game
ix) In simplex, a maximization problem is	s optimal when all Delta I, i.e. Cj – Zj values are
a) Either zero or positive b) Either zero Only positive d) Only neg	ro or negative
x) Which of the following considers differ while finding initial basic leasible solut a) North west comet rule c) Vogel's Approximation method.	rence between two least costs for each row and column for in transportation? b) Least cost method d) Row minima metho
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i) Probability of a project completing in its expected time (I/c) will be always 100%. Q1.B) True or false (Attempt Any 1)

ii) it saddle point is available in a game, it is called as pure strategy game.

iv) If in a transportation problem, number of rows is not equal to number of columns, then the

v) If we introduce an unnecessary duranty activity, the error is termed as redundancy. vii Joh sequencing problems are solved to ensure that, both, the total time to complete all jobs

(ii) When more than one optimal solution is possible in a linear programming problem, it is

(iii) Regret matrix is made to conven a maximization problem into minimization problem in

(x) Critical path method (CPM) considers the three time estimates; most likely, optimistic and

xi in solving a job sequencing problem, it is assumed that all jobs require the same sequence of operations.

A company produces 2 products. A and B., x1 and x7 are the quantities, manufactured of Products A and B respectively. The following objective function along with constraints is given to you: $Max Z = 8x_1 + 16x_2$

Subject to constraints

XL + XJ S 200

Na 2 125

 $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 300$

 $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$

Find how many units of Product A and Product B should be produced by the company so that the profit is maximized. Is it a case of multiple optimal solutions? Use graphical method to solve the DIME

Q2.B) You are given the per unit cost of transporting goods from 3 factories to 4 customers. The 3 factories A. B and C have capacity to supply 500, 300 and 200 units respectively. The 4 customers P. Q. R and S require 180, 150, 350 and 320 units respectively.

Customers				
Pactory	P	Q	R	S
A	12	10	12	13
В	7	11	8	14
C C	6	16		7

(i) You are required to find the Initial Basic Feasible Solution using Vogel's Approximation

(ii) Find the total cost of transportation schedule obtained using VAM.

(7)

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C) You are given the following details for a emport constains of 8 activities

[ACTIVITY]	NODE	DURATION (days)
A		
H	Second Second	6
	1 - 5	13
D I	7.3	5
	1.4	20
	4 - 6	10
G	3-6	100
	5-6	

(i) Draw the network diagram and identify the critical path.

(3)

(ii) Find earliest start time, earliest finish time, latest start time and latest finish time for each (4)

(iii) Find free float for activity B.

()2. D) There are 6 jobs to be performed in a factory and each would go through 2 machines A and B in the order AB. The processing time (in hours) is given for each job in each machine

Job	Machine (A)	Machine (B)
1		3
11	4	Я
111		6
IV		6
V	9	4
VI	8	

(i) Determine the sequence of performing the jobs that would minimize the total time of completing all the jobs.

(2)

(i) Find total etapsed time.

(3)

(2)

(OJA) Six jobs are to be processed in three machines A. B and C in the order A-B-C. You are given time for each lob in each machine

JOB	Time in Machine (A) - hours	Time in Machine (B) - hours	Time in Machine (C) - hours
	12		7
11	8		10
111	7	2 (5) (4)	9
JV.	Control of the second s	5 1 1	AND DESCRIPTION
V	10	-	
VI	5	4	4

(i) Find the sequence that minimizes the total elapsed time required to complete the jobs.

(2) (ii) Calculate the total clapsed time (3)

(iii) Find idly time on Machine A, Machine B and Machine C

(3)

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with 8 activities:

Activity	Node	Optimistic ti	De labaya		6		15
A	1 2	4			7		12
В	7	3		+	8		26
C	2 - 4				18		16
D	3 - 5	10			9		12
	J=0	3			8		3
	5 - 7						8
G	6-71				7		9
	7 8	b.					

(i) Draw the network diagram, (ii) Find the expected time of project completion along with standard deviation.

(iii) What is the probability of the project consplcting in 55 days?

Q3. C) You are given information about the cost (in Rs. Thousands) of performing different jobs by ot perform 13, P3 cannot perform 14;

		1 12	J 3	34	J5
	27	18		20	21
PI				12	17
12	31	24			16
P3	20	17	20	\	10
P4	22	28	20	16	27

(i)Obtain optimal assignment and find cost of such assignment.

(ii) Is it a case of alternative optimal solution?

(2)

Q3,D) Two firms, Lacko texiles and Rayon textiles have 3 strategies each to select from. The 3 strategies are no advertisement, using moderate advertising and using heavy advertising. You are given the pay off matrix from view point of Lacko textiles, showing its market share under several combinations of strategies:

pay-off in Rs.10,000/-Rayon textile

			LICXLIECS		
		No advt (I)	Mod advi (I	 Heavy advt (I) 	
	No advi (1)	50	40	28	
Lacko textiles	Mod advt (II)	70	50	45	
	Heavy advt (III)	75	52	50	
		T. L. C.			

Find the saddle point and value of game.

Comment on the strategy to be selected by both the companies

(2)

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A year or given a solution for a transportation cost problem. Figures in each cell represent partial management of the lightest in circle within each cell represent number of units all a sed for imasportation, X, Y and Z are the 3 factories and A, B, C and D are the 4

N 13 7 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0 19	
V 17 18 15 7	260
	500
2 11 22 14 5	300

- (i) You are required to check the above solution for optimality
- (ii) If it is not optimal, use modified distribution method to obtain optimal solution.

(3) (2)

Have are given the tollowing information for a tro-

Nede	Normal Duration (days)	Crash cost per day (Rs)	Maximum possible erash time
1 - 2	6	80	
	8	90	4
. 1 - 1			
7 2 4			0
12.5		30	
3-6		200	4
4-6	8	10 50	
A San By	6		0

Indirect cost is Rs. 160 per day. The contract includes a penalty of Rs. 100 per day for every day of letay more than 17 days.

Draw the network diagram and find critical path.

- (3)
- Crash the project duration to find the total cost of completing the project in 17 days (4)

OR

(14.C) A company produces 2 products a sual x-using three resources St. St and St. Product x gives profit of Rs. 30 per unit and product x₁ gives profit of Rs. 40 per unit. The 3 resources S. S. and S. are available to the extent of 200 units, 600 units and 500 units respectively The following objective function and constraints are given to your

Subject to constraints

 $8x_1 + 5x_2 \le 600^{\circ}$

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			30	40	0		0
10	Particular Annual Control	H	Salara Wigoshia	A) Sul	8,		Post Con
	Marie Control	100	1/2		Tip.	Section of Persons in	01
0	5)	1 100	11/2	0.27	(A) 573	Maria I	203
	31	100		0 1			u V
			20	40 1			

(2) (5)

(15)

4111-2		
" " " " " reference n	o the above table answ	
D Charl If the at	ove solution is online	AL THE TOHOMING
THE STATE OF THE SECOND	OVE SUILIBIT IS OUT IN	2007年2月1日日日2007年2月1日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日日

I) Check if the above solution is optimal or not.

ii) If it is not optimal, find optimal solution.

DX DIVE	D) With reference to the
	F. II. Concern the optimal simplex table in the at the state of the st
	ionowing:
	B) With reference to the optimal simplex table in the above problem obtained by you, answer the
	iii) Find the optimal product mix and optimal and

iii) Find the optimal product mix and optimal profit

iv) Which resources are source and which are unutilized? v) Is it a case of alternative solution? Justify your answer (2) (2)

vi) What are the shadow prices of the resources? Justify,

(2) (2)

Q5 A) Explain the concepts. Total float, Free float, Independent float and Interfering float. B) Discuss any 5 areas where techniques of operations research can be applied. (8) (7)

C) Answer anv 3 of the following ;

i) Explain the terms: Redundant constraint and infeasibility in linear programming

ii) What do you mean by alternative optimal solution in transportation? How do you identify alternative solution in a transportation problem? Further what is the procedure to find that alternative solution? iii) Explain time cost trade off in project crashing.

(v) Discuss the significance of theory of games. Briefly discuss the terms: Players and Pay off. v) Distinguish between PERT and CPM.

NORMAL DISTRIBUTION TABLE

Area Under the Standard Normal Distribution

			0.00	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY AND TH		7.49
TZ.	0.00	0.01	0.02		0.0160	0.0199	0.0239	0.0279		0.0359
0.0	0.0000	0.0040	0.0080	0.0120	DESCRIPTION PROPERTY.	0.0596	0.0636	0.0675		0.0753
0.1	0.0398	0.0438	0.0478	0,0517	0.0557	0.0987	0,1026	0.1064		0.1141
0.2	0.0793	0.0832	0.0871	0.0910	0.0948	0.1368	0.1406	0 1443	0,1480	0.1517
1303	0.1179	0.1217	0.1255	0.1293	0.1331	0.1368	0.1772	0.1808		0.1879
0.4	0.1554	0.1591	0.1628	0.1664	0.1700	0.2088	0.2123	0.2157	0.2190	0:224
0.5	0.1915	0.1950	0.1985	0.2019	0,2054		0.2454	0.2486	0.2518	0.2549
0.0	0.2257	0.2291	0.2324	0.2357	0.2389	0.2422	0.2764	0.2797	0.2823	0.2852
0.7	0.2580	0.2612	0.2642	0.2673	0.2705	0.2734	0.3051	0.3078	0.3106	0.3133
0.8	0.2881	0.2910	0.2939	0.2967	0.2995	0.3023		0.3340	0.3365	0.3389
0.9	0.3159	0.3186	0.3212	0.3238	0.3264	0.3289	0.3315	0.3577	0.3599	0.3621
1.0	0.3413	0.3438	0.3461	0.3485	0.3508	0.3531	0.3554	0.3790	0.3810	0.3830
	0.3645	0,3665	0.3686	0.3708	0.3729	0.3749	0.3770	0.3980	0.3997	0.4015
1.2	0.3849	0.3869	0.3888	0.3907	0.3925	0.3944	0.3962		0.4162	0.4177
13	0.4032	0.4049	0.4066	0.4082	0.4099	0.4115	0.4131	10.4147	Andread Street and St. by Street Street Street Street	0.4319
1,4	0.4192	0.4207	0.4222	0.4236	0,4251	0.4265	0.4279	0.4292	0.4306	
Section and section in the	0.4332	0.4345	0.4357	0.4370	0.4382	0.4394	0.4406	0.4418	0.4429	0.4441
1.5	0.4452	0.4463	0.4474	0:4484	0.4495	0.4505	0.4515	10.4525		0.4545
1.6	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	0.4464	0.5473	0.4582	0.4591	0.4509	0.4608	0.4616	0.4625	0.4633
1.7	0.4554	And I have been been been been been been been be	0.4656	0.4664	0.4671	10.4678	0.4686	0.4643	0.4699	0.4706
1.8	0.4641	0.4649		The second second	0.4738	10.4744	and the second second second second	0.4756	0.4761	0.4767
1.9	0.4713	0.4719	0.4726	0.4732	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	0.4798	and the second second second	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	The state of the s	0.4817
2.0	0.4772	0.4778	0.4783	0:4788	The second of the second	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Company of the same party was	and the state of t	A Charles House Control of	0.4857
21	0.4821	0.4826	0.4830	0.4938	0,4838	0.4842	CONTRACTOR OF STREET OF STREET	The state of the s	The street of the second (1) being one	0.4890
2.2	0.4861	0.4846	0.4868	0.4871	0.4875	Mingral Not the order of the Party and	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	0.4884	No. of Assessment Statement of the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the	0.4916
123	0.7893	0.4896	0.4898	0,4901	0.4904			Commenced by the property of the party of the second of th	ARCHITICAL PARTICIONES OF THE	The state of the s
12.4	0.4918	7 0.4820	0,4922	0.4925	0.4927	10 493		0.4932	AND RESTORED TO PRODUCE THE PROPERTY.	0.4936
125	0.4938	0.4940	0.4941	0.4943		0,4946	5 0.4948	And in Contrast of the Party of the Contrast o	Application of the second seco	0.4952
2.6	0.4953	10.4955	0.4956	0,4958	0.4959	0.1960	0 4961	Colores & Management of Authorities and Colores	remanged, kir 200 H, melahati melahat	MANAGE AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF THE PA
2.7	0.4965	0.4966	0.4967	0.4968	0,4969	0,4970	0.497	0.497	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IN COLUMN 2	Committee of the same of the case of the latest and the
2.8	0.4974	0.4975	0.4976	0.4977		0.4971	8 0.4979	0.497	9 ().4980	Acceptant Control of the
	0.4981	0.4982	0.4982	0.4983	Comprised Children of the Asia	The Personal Property of the Personal Property	4 0.498	5 0,498	5 0.498	8 0.4986
2.9	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON AND PERSONS AND	and the second second second	0.4987	0.4988	and the second of the second of the second	CHARLES OF STREET	argramma acritica - massa - 1740	The same of the sa	9 0.499	0 0.4996
3.0	0.49865	0.4987	0.4327	0.4300	U. C. GI	1				
4.0 1	0.49968			1		1		Andrew Commence	1	and a second

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(8)

OLIA	Match	the column.	(Any 8)

	Group A		(стопр.В
Trans.	Gross Impression	A	IRS (Indian readership survey)
2	Media Research	9	Hursting strategies
3	Media Scheduling	C	Times of India
4	Med a vehicle	D	Status Quo
5	Out-of- Home	B	Click through rate
	Media Budget	B. F. S	Top-down and Settom up
	Internet buys	10	Plan Metrics A
	l Reach	BERTHAM TO BE	Noon signs
1200	Media Mix strategy	THE PERSON NAMED IN	Television metric
PER ST	Danala states		Media exposure to target nudience

Q1 (B) State the following statements are True or Fulse. (Any 7) Reach indicates the number of times people in the target audience are exposed to a media vehicle during a given period of time.

Inflated balloons to display advertisements is not a type of OOH media

 Out-of-home media advertising is focused on marketing to consumers when they are "on the go" in public places.

4. Newspapers are the most popular form of print media.

5. The consumer always connects with the teaser advertisement

6. Pulsing Advertising is same as Continuous advertising.

7. The concentrated advertising means to spend the entire advertising budget within one flight.

8. SOV's is also called as Showerful and the entire advertising budget within one flight.

9 GRP stands for Gross Rating Plan.

10. Circulation is the average number of copies of a publication that are sold.

(8) (B) Explain the role and importance of Media in Consumer Buying Decision. (7) OR (C) Briefly explain the sources of Media Research (8) (D) Explain the challenges of Media Planning. (7)(A)What are the various types of Print Media? Explain the advantages of Print Media. (7) (B)Explain the following media. (8) 1. In flight Media 2.In Store Media (C) What is Media Strategy? Explain the need for Media Strategy. (D) Explain the steps in Formulating Media Strategies (8)

(A) Explain the factors to be considered while framing a Media Budget. (B) Explain any four methods of setting a Media Budget, (8)

(C)Briefly explain the Media buying process. (D)Lxplain the Media scheduling patterns. (8)

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OF Case study Analysis

A lixury winter company from Switzerland is being brunched in India. The watch competes with memium brungs of winters. Hence the pilce charged for the same is premium. The company would mends to open exclusive stores in Monthal and Delhi initially and later plans to expand scross the

I am so create a drainigulated peoup of people like arrigas explorers, leaders and visionaries whis could people brand. The company aims to create a braid which is synonym with luxury and get-landing to everyone who believes in precision, innovation indecodlener. The braid needs effective action of reach a vision and expand a coperation of Juda.

Quasitons

a. As a modia planage create a buying brief for the brand,

(8)

(15)

b. Briefly explain the rate of media Planner.

OR

O5 Short notes (Any 3)

- it if which
- a Reach
- b. Arbitron Radio Rating,
- c. Gress Rating Points (GRP).
- d TRP
- c. Evaluating Cinema Buys

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[Time: 2.5 Hours]

[Marks:75]

Q.1 (A) True and False (any 7)

- 1. Financial services do not have physical existence.
- Cost of Factoring = Finance cost Operating cost.
- There are 5 types of underwriters.
- 4. In Venture Capital, Mezzanine Financing is the part of Expansion capital stage.
- Revolving credit is very much like the overdraft facility provided by banks.
- Bills of exchange cannot be rediscounted.
- Sub broker can operate only on behalf of registered FIIs. He cannot deal in securities on his own account Debit card is also called Electronic Cheque.
- 9. Home loan is available for purchase of land as well as improvement/extension of house.
- 10. CRISIL is the leading credit rating agency in the world.

(B) N	latch :	the o	olum	ns (any 8)

(8)

R.NO	Column A		T
1	DRT	Sr.no	Column B
2	Underwriters	A	Hundis
3	Corporate counseling	B	Usance
4	Time bills	C-	T-bills
		0	Act of guarantee for sale of shares &
5	Securitisation instrument		debentures
6	Whole sale Debt Market	E	Fund based
7	Financial Services	F	Debt Recovery Tribunal
8	Indigenous bills	G van	Moody's
9	Housing Finance	H	Fee Based
10	Credit Rating Agency	1	Mobilization of savings
	that hatting Agency	1	Pass through securities
1		L	Data response tribunal

2.2 (A) Explain any 7 draw backs of Forfeiting.

(B)What are financial services? Explain any 6 Fund based financial services.

(8)

Q.2 (A) Ruby factors advances Rs. 27 lakhs to Pearl Enterprise against agreement of providing advance OR payment of 90% of receivables and for guaranteed payment after 3 months. The rate of Interest is 10%

- compounded quarterly and factoring commission is 2% of receivables. Both collected upfront. a. Compute amount actually made available to Pearl Enterprise.
- b. Calculate effective cost of funds made available to Pearl Enterprise .
- Assume interest is collected in arrear and commission in advance, what will be the effective rate of

(B) What are the qualities of Merchant bankers

(8)

Q.3 (A) What is a Clearing member? Explain its functions and types of Clearing members.

(B)Explain the process of securitization with the help of the diagram .

O.3 (A) Define Lease. Explain any 6 types of Lease

(7)

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Paper / Subject Code: 86005 / Finance: Innovative Financial Services

(B)Explain the Issues in Housing Finance Sector	(8)
Q 4 (A) Explain the features of Venture Capital	(7)
(B)Explain the reasons for growth of Consumer Finance.	(8)
Q.4 (A) What Is Smart card? Explain 5 features of Smart Cards.	(7).
(B)Describe the process of credit rating.	(8)
Q.5 (A) Discuss the Stages of venture capital Finance.	(7)
 (B) The Vibhu Transport Ltd, purchased Truck from, the Hindustan Motors Ltd. on Hire Purchase basis. The Cash price of the truck was Rs 16,00,000. The amounts were payable as under Rs. 5,00,000 on the date of purchase i.e. 1st Apr, 2012 Rs. 4,00,000 on 31st March 2013 Rs. 4,00,000 on 31st March 2014 Rs. 4,12,390 on 31st March 2015 The Hindustan Motors Ltd, charged interest at 5% p.a on the unpaid amount on the Diminishing ball year. It closes its account on 31st March every year. You are required to prepare Hindustan Motor Ltd A/c and interest A/c in books of Vibhu Ltd. according to credit purchase method. OR 	(8) ance each
O 5 (A) Write a Short notes on (Any Three) 1. Recourse & Non-Recourse Factoring 2. Banker to an Issue. 3. National Housing Bank 4. Option contract 5. Bill Market Scheme ,1970	(15)

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SFM. 1106 75

TIME:- 2 1/2 HRS

N.B.: 1. All questions are compulsory.

MARKS:-75

).1	(A)	Choose the correct Option and rewrite the sentence: (Any Eight) (08
	1.	The most common form of dividend payment is
		(a) Stock Dividend (b) Cash Dividend (c) Stock Split (d) Bonus issue
	2.	XBRL India is formed as one of the following.
		(a) Registered Company (b) Government Corporation
		(c) Trust (d) Partnership with XBRL International
	3.	Estimate of cash flow is affected by
		(a) Future Price Trend (b) Competition (c) Sales volume (d) All of the Above
	4.	ensurés that less number of projects are selected by imposing capita restrictions.
		(a) Capital structure (b) Capital Budgeting
		(c) Capital Rationing (d) None of the above
	5.	EVA is a corporate surplus which is shared by
		(a) Employees and Management (b) Employees and Shareholders
		(c) Shareholders only (d) Employees, Management and Shareholder
	6.	
		(a) Audit Committee (b) Management Analysis
	7.	In Amalgamation, all the assets and liabilities of the transferor company are pooled into the books of transferee company at
	0	(a) Market Value (b) Books Value (c) Fair Value (d) Realizable Value
	8.	NPA stands for (a) Net Performing Assets (b) Non Performing Assets
		(c) Non Privilege Assets (d) None of the Above
	a	
	9.	Public deposits are accepted for a maximum of
	10	In India, Commercial Papers are issued as per the guidelines issued by
	10.	(a) SEBI (b) RBI
		(c) Forward Market Commission (d) None of the Above
	В)	State whether the following questions are True or False (Any Seven) (07)
	1.	The dividend policy of a firm is decided by its Board of Directors.
	2.	XBRL provides reporting framework that controls risks,
	3.	In sensitivity analysis, the sensitivity of human factor is identified.
	4.	Capital rationing is caused by external factors only.
	5,	Fictitious assets are added to the share capital to get networth.

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- Preference dividend is added to NPAT for calculation of EPS
- 8. Standard assets are those assets which do not have any risk
- 9. Term loan is an advance given by bank to its customers.
- Depreciation is an external source of finance.
- Q.2 (A) The details regarding two companies are given below-

A Ltd	B Ltd	
R = 15%	R = 8%	
Ke= 10%	K _e = 10%	
E= 10	E= 10	

By using Walter's Model, calculate the value of an equity share of a fine companies when the dividend payout ratio is:

- (a) 20% (b) 50%
- (B) The following data is available from KPO Ltd-Earnings per share = 60
 Rate of Return on investment = 16%
 Cost of Capital = 15%
 Calculate the market price of a share of KPO Ltd as per Galactic (ii) b = 40%
 (ii) b = 60%
 (iii) b = 80%
 - OR

 Mark Ltd. belongs to a risk class for which the capitalization are as 1974. It has (15)

 50,000 outstanding shares and the current market price is 1974. It has (15)
 - 50,000 outstanding shares and the current market price is profit of 5,00,000 for the year and the board is considering to a risk class for which the captures is the profit of 5,00,000 for the year and the board is considering to the year and the year and the board is considering to the year and the year and the board is considering to the year and the year and the year and the year and year and
 - (i) Market Price per share when dividend is declared and not declared.
 - (ii) No, of new shares to be issued by the company if deviced is declared and not declared.
 - (iii) Calculate the market value of the firm when dividend is declared and not declared
- ().3 (A) PAM Ltd is considering two mutually exclusive projects viz. Project A and Project B which require cash outflow of '30,00,000. The expected cash inflows are as follows:-

Year	Project A	Project B
1	12,00,000	17,00,000
2	9,00,000	11,00,000
3	7,00,000	8,00,000
4	6,00,000	8,00,000

The company has a target return on capital of 10%. The risk premium for Project A and Project B are 2% and 8% respectively. Which project should be accepted? Why?

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(07)

OR

(B) Zebra Ltd is considering two mutually exclusive projects. Investment outlay of both the project is 2,50,000 and each is expected to have a life of 5 years... under three possible situations their annual cash flows are as under

Situation	Probabilities	Project X (in Lakhs)	Project Y (`in Lakhs)
Good	0.3	30	25
Normal	0.4	20	20
Worse	0.3	10	20
Vhich Project in m	11 2 2 2 2	-177	013

Which Project is more risky? Why?

(C) Steep Ltd. is considering the following projects:-

(07

Project	Outlay ()	NPV
P	30,00,000	5,00,000
Q=	20,00,000	9,00,000
R	18,00,000	8,00,000
SF	16,00,000	7,00,000
T_	14,00,000	6.00.000

The total fund available is '50,00,000. Determine optimal combination of projects assuming that the projects are divisible.

Q.4 (A) Tom Ltd in intending to purchase Jerry Ltd (by merger). The following details (08)

Particulars	Tom Ltd.	Laws L.1
Earnings after Tax		Jerry Ltd.
	25,00,000	9,00,000
Number of Equity shares Market Price Per share	5,00,000	3,00,000
Lara see la	15	112

You are required to calculate:-

(i) Present EPS of both the companies. 513

(ii) If the proposed merger takes place, what would be the new EPS of Tom Ltd assuming that merger takes place by exchange of equity shares and the exchange ratio is based on market price per share.

(B) The following data is provided by Zampa Ltd for the year. You are required to (07) calculate the missing figures?

Sales Value	1500000
Income	`5,00,000
	1,00,000
Capital Employed	1,25,000
Weighted Average cost of capital	8%
Sales Margin(%)	9
Capital Turnover (Times)	9
Return on Investment (%)	2
Economic Value Added (')	

OR

The following information is pertaining to Akli Ltd. Budgeted Sales per week - 500 units The cost details of the company are as follows

(08)

	0473,-
Cost Elements	Per Unit
	Ω
Raw Materials	6.00
Direct Labour	8.00
Overhead	4.00
Total Cost	18.00
Profit	
	2.00
Sale Price per unit	20.00

It is estimated that :-

- 1. Raw materials remain in stock for 3 weeks and finished goods for 2 weeks.
- 2. Factory processing takes 3 weeks
- 3. Suppliers allows 6 week credit
- 4. Customers are allowed 8 weeks credit.
- 5. Assume production and overheads accrue evenly throughout the year. Prepare a statement showing working capital requirement and also calculate Maximum Permissible Bank Finance (MBPF) as per first and second method
- X ltd as provided the details of advances. Calculate the provisions to be made (07) (1)) in the Profit & Loss account.

Assets	'in Lakhs
Standard	
Sub-standard	12,000
Doubtful:	8800
For one year	3600
For two years	2400
For three years	1600
For more than three years	1200
Loss Assets	1000

OR

Define XBRL. Explain its advantages and disadvantages.

(08)

Explain the advantages of Corporate Governance.

(07)

0.5 (C) Write Short notes: (Any Three) (i) Sources of Working Capital

(15)

- (ii) Merger
- (iii)Maximum Permissible Bank Finance
- (iv)Decision Tree Analysis
- (v) Capital Rationing

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[Time: 2 hours]

[Marks:75]

(08)

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B: 1. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - 2. Draw suitable diagrams wherever necessary
 - 3. Illustrate your answers with examples?
 - 4. Rewrite the questions for QLn and be

Ql. a. Multi	ple Choice Questions (ANY EIGHT)
1.	is the act of creating a brand
	Branding b. Brand management c. Brand building c. d. Brand hierarchy
2. a.	Brand association b. Brand image c. Brand awareness, d. Brand identity
Δ,	of this is NOT the Importance of brand positioning No differentiation in product b. Project market share e. Changing competition d. Craves a niche

- are musical message written around the brand, a. Slogans b. Name of Lingles of Colour,
- is customer's perception of the overall quality or superiority of a product or services compared to its competitors.
 - a. Perceived quality b. Perceived management c. Perceived loyalty d. Perceived risk-
- 6. App based air conditioned taxies Ola and Ober both of these brands are using which approach of pricing
 - a EDLP b. Value Pricing c. Psychological pricing d. Skimming pricing
- 7. The sive care-dimensions of Big 5 model of brand personality are Sincerity, Competence, Sophistication, Ruggedness and
 - a. Creativeness b Judgmental e Excitement d Traditional
- 8. In Brand Asset Valuator model, Brand Stature results into multiplication of Esteem and a Differentiation B Relevance c. Knowledge d. Strength
- 9. P&G. Project Drishti- Shiksha, Fair and Lovely foundation- Project Saraswati, Horlicks-Ahaar Abhiyan, Aircel- Save the tiger, Tata Tea- Jaagore all this are examples of which type of maketing.
 - a Permission Marketing b. Cause Marketing c, Relationship Marketing d. Experiential Marketing

66976

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36A2804E42D44F686942D9B8DD3DB335

10. is the structure of brands within an organizational entity a. Brand architecture b. Brand building c. Brand monitoring of Brand building c. Brand monitoring.	
b. State whether the following statement is TRUE or FALSE (ANY SEVEN)	(0.0)
A brand provides distinct identity to a pecualist Brand elements are these trademarkable devices that serve to arening unitallifterentiates.	ulm T
brand. 3. Ola share, Ola Micro, Ola mini, Ola prime all this options provided by Ola to custo.	nas
results into using value pricing strategy for their brand. 4 The success and failure of brand extension doesn't affect the parent brand. 5 Brand awareness consists of brand recognition and brand recull?	
6. A direct approach is used to build brand equity is vin leveraging secondary brand association for the brand.	ons."
7. A brand personality is a set of human characteristics associated with a brand. 8. Brand reinforcement is the marketing strategy adopted swhen the product tenches to mat stage of product life cycle and profits have fallen drastically. 9. Brand Asset Valuator is an important tool to review a brand's current achievements	
stature.	
10 Celebrity endorsement doesn't odd Yalue to the brand	
Answer the following	
Distinguish between Brand Versus Product What is Co-branding? States advantages.	(08)
OR OR	Wo
c. Illustrate the model of Brand Value Chain with example.	(08)
d. Explain the Brand Product matrix with eximple	(07)
Answer the following	
Define Integrated Marketing Communication (IMC)? Explain the strategy of IMC to brand	build (08)
Explain the Brand Asset Valuator (BAV) model in detail	
OR	(07)
What are the various ways in which brand leveraging can take place.	(00)
Explain the Strategic Brand Management process in detail.	(08)
Answer the following	
Explain the Big Five model of Brand Personality.	(08)
Define Branding? Explain the importance of branding to consumers with example. OR	(07)
Bring out the various types of brand elements with example.	(08)
What is Brand extension? State its advantages.	(07)
Say of State and the same of t	

06976

Q2

Page 2 of 3

36A2804E42D44F686942D9B8DD3DB336

(15)

orate Scott No. of on (ANY TITRILE)

2Hrs 30 \ Land rosmoning

2. Deprimental marketing

- 3. Bin in avereness a smooth
- 4. Residence three
- 5 British Cay

1333

a. Cam Stutt.

Laurabell in 1927, Burf was the first in the indian bereignit powder market. Over the years, Surf has anticopping the cronging washing needs of indian homemaker and Constantly approach fineld. The fewer homes suggest states within compact detergent powder, in his newest aware promotes to a tale man aghest states without the region of the labric. This is because only has according to a sensor if a cast afterminate states from colours. Now you don't have to waste about the ling the really longit states, especially on your coloured clothes anymore, "Englished Mat Vision."

For those with the city Excel of the first first leaders of the specially designed formulation suit the fermile promises to the cust that the superlarge clean. Those preferring modern and convenient way to wash our rely on surf Excel Liquid. The liquid form perterated deep also the great wash results. Let the really lough stains, you can apply the liquid direct participated and liquid dire

Que: Quas.

- as Wight to Frank Equity 7 Explain the quantitative research technique used by Surf Excel to build its brank in the market. (08)
- b. What is first d Positioning? How sure 7 con less positioned its brand. Illustrate with advantages of Brandon Stitioning. (07)

1.0 1 2 4

66976

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Total Marks: 75

Duration: 2 % hrs

N. B. : 1. All Questions are compulsory

2. All Questions carry equal marks

3. Figures to the right indicate full marks

	3. Figures	to the right mines			(0)
01 A	Fill in the bla	anks with appropr	inte option: (any 8	9	(8)
LOW	tom Regulatio	ms are	DENTICES OF IL		
a tari	建筑图像图别规则规则的图像图像	non-turill	c. ponuser	THE THE SECTION OF STREET STREET, STRE	
2. Di	rect Exporting	means exporting th	e products	through franchising	
a. by	joint venture	b, through mi	ddlemen c.	Diougn nancausans	
2446	医氯化物二甲基苯 经存货 医多克克 医多种性小皮肤 医	PARAMETER STATE STATE STATE SERVICES AND			
3.		is horizontal ex	pansion of a tinn	d. None of these	
a Nie	recr	b. Diversification		d. None of these	
4 Inte	enstional mad	ceting research faci	itates		
	PARTY NAMED IN COLUMN	and charter was to volve and	h farce scale l	mports	
C CYD	ansion of dom	estic marketing	d, none of thes		
5. Ent	ering a new pr	the side and a new t	打探的第三人称: 1900年1196年14月14日 1911日	SECURITY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	
a S	tretching	h, down	c. filling	d, an or mesc	
		ing indicates produ	ict benefits.	Colons	
T	arnet	b. Value	c. Discount	d. None of these	
		structure violates p	rinciple of Unity o	i command	
a. M	atrix	b. Networked	c. Product	D. Line	
C T3117	Charles and Local and Asset	Learner that the proc	THE IS THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O		
a. uniq	ue•	b. standard	c. common	d, all of these	
9. Stra	tegic control it	b. standard naludes	aspects.		
9 311		b. evaluation	c. functional	C. HOHE OF SHEET	
0. The	: International	Finance Corporat	ion, an affiliate o	f the World Bank, was	established
a. 19	60	ь. 1982	c, 1953	d. 1956 \	
Q1 B.	State whethe	r the following sta	tements are true	or false: (any 7)	(7)
l. Du	mping is a fai	r practice for entry	in foreign market.		
2 In	ethnocentric o	orientation, an exp	orting firm believe	es that every country is	unique and
ne	ds a different	approach to match	its culture and so	cial norms	
3 Te	vle harriers ac	e supportive to the	ero with of internat	lional trade.	
4 11	oneina ie a ta	en used to describ	e the exchange of	the products and service	es for other
	ducts or servi				
BERTHAMPER, VICE			that everenthe	lobal financial system i	av following
					ly lottowni
		nic policies of its r			
	SHALL HARDWAY THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF	the transport of e			
50	gmentation.			ccupation is known as	
8. A	compound du	ty is a flat sum per	physical unit of th	e commodity imported	or exported

Page 1 of 2

9. Culture prescribes the kinds of behaviour considered acceptable in a society.

66909

Paper / Subject Child Millis / Murbering: International Marketing

10 Feed forward commof exercises a control, when the strategy is implemented organisation.	d in an
Q.2 a. Define International Marketing Explain the different orientations of inter	national (08)
Q.2 h. What is trading block Explain any two trading block of international trade. OR	ധാ
Q.2 c. What are the Nords for conducting international marketing research Q.2 d. What are the elements of culture?	(0H) (07)
Q.3 h. Explain International Product 1 He Cycle, Q.3 h. Explain the steps for planning International Promotional Campaigns OR	(08) (07)
Q.3 c. What is the need for developing international strategies? Q.3 d. What are the features of international service marketing?	(08)
Q4a, Explain the Economic Environment of international Markets.	(08)
Q4b. How to control international marketing operations by using modern techniques	(07)
Q4c. Explain any four types of international market entry methods	(08)
Q4d. What are the benefits of international Marketing?	(07)
Q5a. What is the role of packaging and labelling in international market. •	(08)
Q5b. Explain the factors influencing selection of International Distribution Channel	(07)
O5. Write short notes on: (uny 3)	
Legal Environment Service Culture	(15)
4. Grey Market 5. Tariff barriers (any five) 7. Tariff barriers (any five)	

66969

Page 2 of 2

Time: 21/2 Hours

Total Marks: 75

Note: (1) All questions are compulsory.

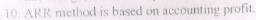
(2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

O.I. Objective questions:

O.1 (a) State whether the following are True or False (any 8):

(8 Marks)

- 1. Capital intensive project involves small amount of investment.
- Project structure provides a training ground to project managers
- 3. Depreciation is a non-cost item.
- Feasibility study involves cash flow analysis
- Delphi method is an individual decision making technique.
- 6. Lean means creating more value for customers with firm resources.
- 7 Risk monitoring and controlling involves keeping a track of the identified risk.
- 8. PMMM strengthens link between strategic planning and execution.
- Project management consultants manage the project by application of their knowledge, skill and experience at various stages.



8

O. 1s(b) Match the Column (any 7):

(7 Marks)

Column A	Column B	
1. Project Manager	Depends on FMP	ek kironofi ti kironofi i i indi
2 Debentures	b) Increases Financial Risk	
3. High Gearing	has 5 Levels	
4 Yield Value	d) Leader of Project Team	
5. PMMM	or Debt Security	N.
6 Project Audit	When Testing Fails	
7. Project Terminated	Controls Project	
8 Numeric Project Selection	M The sacred cow	
9 Non Numeric Project Selection	Pay back period	
10. System integration	H Engineering process	

Q 2. A company can make either of two investments. Required rate of return is 10%. Calculate Net Present Value and profitability index for each project from the following details: (15 Marks)

Particular •	X	(Y)
Cost of Investment (Rs.)	2,00,000	2,80,000
Expected Life (No Salvage)	5 years	Syears
Cash Inflow		
	50,000	80,000
	50,000	1,00,000
	60,000	60,000
the second secon	60,000	80,000
•	60,000	80,000
0,00	10050	24700
404 77 1	Page 1 of 3	1.09

A 148 A 07 D 48 C 3 F 4 0 1 D 5 A 0 A F F 5 2 8 F 7 0 A A 5

Paper / Subject Code: 86008 / Finance: Project Management

Year I			
II V DI Me I	Year 2 Year 3		
(# 10% of: 0.909	0.826 0.751	Year 4	Year 5
The state of the s	0.731	0.683	Control of the Contro
	and the second s		,0.621
		and the same of th	

· Q. 2 (a) How are project classified?

(8 Marks)

Q. 2 (b) Explain Strategie Busmess Unit (SBU) in project management,

(7 Marks)

Q 3 Calculate the operating leverage, financial leverage and combined leverage from the

Payticulars	ge and combined leverage from the	
Output (in units)	td (15 Marks)	
11Xcd Cost 3 00 /	000 B Ltd	
Variable cost per unit (Rs.) 36.0		
1.00		
0.00		
106		
O Maria	1.036	
Q. 3 (a) Discuss the importance of Project Face 1	1.046	

Q. 3 (a) Discuss the importance of Project Feasibility Study.

Q. 3 (b) Explain in detail Product Mix analysis.

(8 Marks)

Q 4 Following is the Balance sheet of Raj Ltd as on 31st March, 2014

20.000 Equity Shares 6	Rs.	s on 31st March, 2014	(15 Mar
	10,00,000	Assets	Rs.
Securities Premium	2.00	Year	4,80,000
Jeneral Reserve	2,00,000	Furniture	
rofit & Loss A/C	4,78,800	Stock	2,00,000
reditors	3,14,000	Debtors	12,40,000
rovision for Tax	8,18,000	Cash in hand	4,12,000
	3,96,000	Cash at D. I	6,800
opany transfer 20% of profi	32,06,800	- Suite	8,68,000

Net Profit before Taxation for the last 3 years have been as follows:

- 1. For the year ended 31/03/2012 Rs. 5,44,000
- 2. For the year ended 31/03/2013Rs. 7,32,000
- 3. For the year ended 31/03/2014 Rs. 7,88,000

Machinery is valued at Rs. 6,37,200. Average yield is 20%. The rate of Tax is 50%. Use see average. Calculate value of equity share as per intrinsic value method and yield method -65404

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- Explain Modern Development in Project Management.
 - () 1(h) What are the steps involved in termination of a project?

(7 Marks)

(8 Marks)

1) 5 Case Study

(15 Marks)

Mr. Ajay wants to start a Manufacturing Unit. He has Rs.1,05,200 in his bank account. His parents have promised to gift him Rs.3,50,000.

He has estimated the project cost at Rs. 18,00,000; of which machinery will be Rs. 15,25,000 and the balance amount will be for furniture and fittings. The bank finance is available to the extent of \$0% of the project cost. He expects first year's sales at Rs. 40,00,000 with annual increase of 20% every year over previous year. The cost of sales will be 80% of sales. The rate of interest on loan will be 10% on reducing balance method. The loan is repayable @ Rs. 3,00,000 at the end of every year. He charges depreciation @ 20% on his fixed assets under straight line and his overheads for three years are Rs. 2,40,000; Rs.3,00,000 and Rs. 3,60,000 per year respectively. Assume Tax rate

You are required to prepare:

- 1. Income Statement for the first 3 years.
- Amortization Schedule for Ioan.
- 3. Calculate the debt service coverage ratio and interest coverage ratio for the above 3 years.

O 5 Short Notes (Any 3)

(15 Marks)

- ar Types of Risks in Projects b) Work Breakdown Structure
- C) Matrix Organization
- er Project Management Information System (PMIS)

65404 .

Page 3 of 3

ATARAOTDARCBEADIDSADAFESDRETDAAS

Marks	ks: 75 Dura	ation: 2.5 Hours
Note:		TOURS TOURS
2)		
3)) Use of simple calculator is allowed	
Q.1.		
(a)	Fill in the blanks by choosing the right option (any 8):	(08
(1)	Reserves are held in following forms except (Foreign Currency	, SDR, Silver)
(2)	Under there is interference of monetary authorities to drates. (Fixed Exchange System, Flexible Exchange rate System, both)	ecide exchange
(3)	SBI A/C with HSBC in UK is an example of (LORO, NOST	RO, VOSTRO)
(4)	PPP theory government intervention. (ignores, includes, req	juires)
(5)	The project is financially viable if NPV is (positive, negative, z	ero)
(6)	is known as secrecy jurisdiction. (Tax haven, Transfer paffiliate)	ricing, foreign
(7)	risk is also called as "Accounting exposure". (Transaction	n, Economic,
(8)	is a type of security listed in Luxemburg. (ADR, GDR, IDR)	
(9)	An option giving the buyer of the options the right but not the obligation to bis (call option, put option, forward option)	ouy a currency
(10)	Difference between the value of merchandise exports & imports is	. (ВОР, ВОТ,
1 (10)		
1.(B)		(07)
(1)		
(2)	Under fixed exchange rate system value of currency is decided by mandemand & supply forces.	ket forces of
(3)	Spread is bid-ask.	
(4)	Hedging means protecting the business from risks.	
(5)	Standardized contract terms are used in Forward contract.	
(6)	A Euro bond is an international bond denominated in a currency not native t where it is issued.	o the country
(7)	Sensex includes 30 largest & most actively traded stocks in BSE.	
(8)	Entry & exit of FDI is more difficult compared to FPI,	
(9)	There is lot of transparency in tax havens.	
10)	AFM stands for Arbitrageur's Forward Margin.	

Q.2.					
(A)	Explain the con	cept of International I	inance and discuss the	emerging challenges in	,
	International Fi	nance.		Conf. comment@es in	
(B)			d flexible exchange rate	system	70.
			OR	1116	(0)
(P)	Spot USD/CAD	1.1045 - 1.1095	OR (10) 66	\ \"1	000
	USD Interest rate	2.50% p.a.			(08)
	CAD Interest rate	e 3.25% p.a.			
	Catculate 90 days	s forward USD/CAD qu	otation.		
(Q)	Spot USD/INR 4	5.0760 46.0716			
	1 month forward	485 - 535	WEUTOUT	-40-6200	(07)
	2 month forward	985 - 1060	SHOW A THAT WE NOT A STORY	115 1725	(01)
	Calculate outrigh	I forward men for I		us 0995-1151	8 8 Post
	Calculate outrigh	t forward rate for 45 day	un & 2 month.	Mar Course and a second of	
0.1		is to to day	13.		
Q.3. (A)	Dia				
(B)	Briefly describe	the structure of India	n foreign exchange mark		
(13)	Explain various	types of currency der	ivatives	et.	(08)
(P)					(07)
(1)	the following o	quote is given by a ban	k in Mumbai		
	AA IAA U	1.1220			(08)
	• Is this qu	uote "Direct" or "Indir	ect" in Mumbaio		
		- Ivilu-late, opread and	d Spread % ADD - AD.	1567 Scac - che	
	 Find the 				
(Q)	From it ou	UN SPUZ	go -> Lurcoc.	38-10200251	
1.67	temporary paried	ing data decide on the	best alternative for invest	SQ - 107CQ C SS ting INR 10 Million for a ost	r the
3212	Currency	of 6 months on risk free	best alternative for investigation basis. Ignore transaction c	ing INR 10 Million for a	(07)
	TITIE	Spot	6 month forward		
5797	USD	80.2650	80.2950	Interest Rate 4.00 %	
1064	GBP	64.1225 95.3550	64.1275	4.50 %	
		1 93.3330	95.3650	3.00 %	
Q.4.				1 0.00 /6	
(A)	Discuss any two	types of Euro Bonds			
(B)	Describe various	s types of capital budg	in detail.		
		by pes of capital budg	eting techniques.		(08)
(P)	The following or	uotes are given in US:	OR	et-	(07)
	GBP/USD-1.53	93-1 5402	V		(0.0)
	USD/AUD-0.97	90-0.9800			(08)
	And the given or	tote in Australia is:			
	GBP/AUD-1.510	00-1 5110			
	i) Derive the quo	te GBP/ALID C			
	ii) Compare the	derived CDD from the	e set of quotes given in U	JŚ	
	arbitrage if any o	in 1 Million GBP.	juote with the quote giv	JS en in Australia and find	
	6- 1. uny 0	" I William GBP. 3	.78	and this	

Q.5 (A) (B)

Paper / Subject Code: 86002 / Finance:International Finance

rom the following given details calculate NPV. Required Rate Particulars	0%. 19100
Cost of investment	Amount in Rs.
Expected Life (No salvage value): 5 Years	2,00,000
Cash inflow: year- 1	1/2
2	60,000
3	50,000
4	60,000
5	60,000
The present value of Re. 1 at 10% discounting rate are 0.909, 0.82	60,000

Q.5. (A) What are different types of foreign exchange risks faced by firms? Describe the objectives of taxation. (B) (08)(07)OR Write Short Notes on (any three) 1) Arbitrage (15)· 2) FEDAI.

3) GDRs 4) FEMA

5) Tax havens