		T.Y.B.Com
Time: 3 Hrs Note:	Marks	00 Sem/I
 All Questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks Working Notes wherever necessary she Calculate figures up to the two decima 	ould form a part of you	ir answer. A TILLT
Q1 A) Select the most appropriate option and 1. Prime cost plus Variable Overhead is k (a) Production Cost (b) Marginal Cost (c) Total Cost (d) Cost of Sales	rewrite the full sentend known as	ee (Any Ten) (10Marks)
 2 include all direct cost and all include (a) Total Cost (b) Administration cost (c) Selling cost (d) Prime cost 	lirect cost	
 3. Perpetual inventory system involves (a) bincard and stores ledger (b) bill of material and material requisition (c) purchase requisition and purchase order (d) inward and outward invoices 		
 4. Material control involves (a) Only consumption of material (b) Only issue of material (c) Only purchase of material (d) Purchase, storage and issue of material 		
5 discount is offered to pur (a) Credit (b) Cash (c) Seasonal (d) Quantity	chaser on buying large	quantities
 6. Time study is for		Andrew Community of the
7. Normal idle time (a) can be avoided (b) cannot be avoided (c) can be minimised (d) can be controlled		

	(a) (b) (c)	Labour turnover is caused by	100
(((9. (a) (b)	Expenditure over and above prime cost is known as Overhead Factory cost Cost of sales Cost of production	
(((b) (c) (Directors' remuneration and expenses form a part of	
()	0) (Which of the following items is included while preparing a Cost Sheet? Toperty Tax on Factory Building Goodwill written off Transfer to reserves Transfer to reserves Transfer to reserves	
(a (b (c (d) () () () () () () () () () (alary paid to partner is office and administrative overheads of a part of Cost sheet elling and Distribution Overhead actory Overheads tate whether the Following Statements are True or False (Any ten). (10 Mark costs which have been incurred in past are known as Historical Cost formal cost is an unusual cost whose occurrence is usually irregular and unexpected and due to some absence of the cost of the	
7. 3. 10.	C C B C A flor	ost unit is a form of measurement of volume of production or services. arriage inward is not really an Overhead at all but it is a Direct Cost. affer stock is that material which is held in reserve to meet a sudden order or any ntingency because method of pricing the material issues is useful when material prices are actuating. acce Rate Plan differentiates between efficient and inefficient workers. ast of stores is allocated on the basis of direct wages. appreciation on plant and machinery is part of works overheads st of storage space is an example of carrying cost. der valuation of closing stock in costing increases costing profit.	
2.	Pr	mary packaging charges is an example of selling and distribution overheads.	

Q2 From the following balances prepare a cost sheet

(20 Marks)

6- 1100 Distriction brobars a societation	(mo reserve)
Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
Opening Stock of Raw Material	1,20,000
Opening Stock of Work In Progress	45,600
Opening Stock of Finished Goods	86,400
Wages Direct	83,200
Wages Indirect	4,400
Purchase of Raw Material	1,05,600
Sales	3,37,600
Factory Rent & Power	24,000
Depreciation on Plant & Machinery	5,600
Carriage Inward	2,400
Factory Expenses	16,000
Office Rent & Rates	4,000
Office Expenses	10,400
Carriage Outward	4,000
Commission & Advertising	16,000
Closing Stock: Raw Material	1,46,400
Closing Stock: Work In Progress	56,000
Closing Stock of Finished Goods	49,600
	A contract to the second of th

OR

Q 2 The following are the details of purchases & sales made during the month of March 2023.

Date	Particulars	Units	Rate Per unit (Rs.)
1/3/2023	Opening Balance	1,500	10
3/3/2023	Purchase	7,500	12
4/3/2023	Sales &	4,500	13
6/3/2023	Sales	4,500	13
8/3/2023	Purchases	4,500	O 10
9/3/2023	Sales	3,000	12
10/3/2023	Sales	750	<u> </u>

You are required to prepare 1) Stock Ledger Account under FIFO method 2) Stock Ledger Account Under Weighted Average method. (20 Marks)

Q3 Mr. Anand an employee of a company gets the following emoluments and benefits:

(20 Marks)

Basic Wages
Dearness Allowance
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund
Employer's Contribution to E.S.I.
Bonus

Rs. 70,000 Per Month
Rs. 100% of Basic Wages
10% of Basic Wages
5% of Basic Wages
20% of Basic Wages

Other Allowances Rs.76,500 p.a.

He works for 3,000 hours per anum, out of which 500 hours are normal idle time.

Mr. Anand worked 50 effective hours on a Job Y, where the cost of direct material is Rs.

40,000 and overheads are 40% of combined cost of Material & Labour.

The Sale value of Job Y is quoted to earn profit of 50% on cost.

You are required to find out effective hourly cost of Mr. Anand and the expected sales value of job Y.

OR

24708

Page 3 of 12

Q3 (A) Calculate the comprehensive machine hour rate from the following details:(10 marks)

Machinery purchased Rs 9,00,000
Installation Charges Rs 1,00,000
Life of Machine 5 Years
Working Hours per Year 2,500

Repair Charges Rs.5,000 Per anum

Electric Power consumed 10 units per hour @ Rs 3 per unit

Lubricant Oil Rs 80 per day of 8 hours Consumable stores Rs. 200 per day of 8 hours

Wages of machine operator Rs 160 per day of 8 hours

Q3 (B) The following information relating to type of Raw material is available (10 Marks)

Annual Demand 2,000 Units

Unit Price Rs 20

Ordering Cost Per Order Rs. 20

Storage Cost 2%p.a. Interest Rate 8% p.a.

Calculate Economic Order Quantity and total annual Inventory cost of the raw material.

Q4 Amit company has five departments P,N,R,S & T The actual cost for a period are as follows: (20 Marks)

Particulars of Overhead	Amount (Rs.)
Repairs S	70,000
Rent S	62,500
Depreciation S	35,000
Supervision	42,000
Insurance	48,000
Employer's Liability of Employees' Insurance	30,000
Light	90,000

The following data are also available regarding the five departments:

Particulars	P	ON	R	S	T
Area (square Feet)	140	120	110	90	40
Number of workers	. 15	25	150	10	5
Total wages Rs	10,000	8,000	5,000	5,000	2,000
Value of Plant Rs.	20,000	18,000	16,000	10,000	6,000
Value of Stock Rs.	15,000	10,000	5,000	2,000	do have seen out that the date and

Prepare a Statement of Primary Distribution of Overheads

OR

- Q4 (A) Calculate the earnings of a worker under
 - 1) Halsey Plan
 - 2) Rowan plan from the following particulars.
 - 1. Hourly rate of wages guaranteed Rs 10 per hour.
 - 2. Standard time for producing 1 article is 5 Hours.
 - 3. Actual Time taken by the worker to produce 10 articles is 40 Hours (10 Marks)

Q4 (B) Prepare a Reconciliation Statement From the Following Cost Sheet And related Trading & Profit & Loss Account to Match the Financial Profit with that of Cost Sheet

Cost Sheet

(10 Marks)

10,200

9,800

20,000

	Cost bilect		
	Particulars & S	Amount	(Rs.)
	Purchase of Raw Material	8	3,000
1	Less: closing Stock of Raw Material		500
	Raw Material Consumed		2,500
	Add: Direct Wages		1,000
	PRIME COST	5	3,500
	Add: Works Overhead		3,000
1	WORKS COST	5	6,500
4	Add: Administrative Overhead		1,500
-	COST OF PRODUCTION		8,000
1	Add: Selling & Distribution Overhead	2°	2.200

Trading & Profit & Loss Account

Particulars	Debit (Rs.)	Particulars	Credit (Rs.)
To Purchase	3,000	By Sales	20,000
To Wages	(1,000	By Profit on Sale of Asset	1,000
To Indirect Wages	500	By Closing Stock Raw Material	500
To Factory Expenses	2,000		
To Administrative Overhead	1,000		W.
To Sales Expenses	2,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
To Distribution Expenses	1,000	187 A7 88 88	
To Interest	50		
To Bad Debts	100	- 45	
To Net Profit	10,850		,
TOTAL	21,500	TOTAL	21,500

- Q 5 (A). Explain the use of Relevant cost, Sunk Cost, Imputed Cost, Opportunity Cost, Shut down cost for decision making. (10 Marks)
- Q 5 (B). What do you mean by an Overhead? Explain the classification of overhead based on Behaviour of cost. (10 Marks)

OR

Q5 Write Short Notes (Any Four out of Six)

(20 Marks)

1. Indirect Costs

COST OF SALES

Add: Profit

SALES

- 2. Re-order Level
- 3. Labour Turnover
- 4. Production Overheads
- 5. Under -Absorption of Overheads
- 6. Inventory turnover ratio

Time: 3 hours	
N.B. 1. All questions are compulsory	Marks: 100
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
3. Draw a neat diagram wherever necessary.	
Q? A. Choose the correct answer and rewrite the statement (Any Ten)	the state of the
Macroeconomic atal:1:	10
management. measures are measures aimed at de	emand
a) Long term	A
b) medium term	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
c) short term	1000
d) not fixed	Salt Late
The state of the s	5
2. Education and Healthcare services included in the types ofin	frastructure.
a) Social	masu uciure.
b) Cultural S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	
c) Physical	
d) Private	
3. Skill India was launched in	
a).2020	
b) 2016	250
©) 2015 (\$\frac{1}{2} \tag{2} \tag{2} \tag{3} \tag{3} \tag{3}	
d) 1998	
4will be given high priority for agricultural development.	
a) Harvesting	
b) Zamindari System c) Loan facilities	
d) Rural electrification	
d) Rural electrification	
5. Buffer stock is the stock of food grains procured by the government through	
a) IFCI	-
b) IDBI	
c) FCI	
d) FICCI	
6. Farmers require an efficient system ofto sell their produce at remunerati	ve price.
a) Agricultural research	*
b) Agricultural silos	
c) Seeds and fertilizers d) Power supply	
d) I ower supply	
3 5	

Paper / Subject Code: 23113 / Business Economics V

7 involved the auction of shares of Public Sector Enterprises as a	þ
price-inding mechanism.	
a) Initial Public Offering	
b) Further Public Offering	
c) Offer for Sale	
d) Institutional Placement Programme	1
8. Which of the following is not true of MSMEs?	3
a) They are labour intensive	
b) They require less capital	
c) Suitable for rural industrialization	
d) Require highly advanced technology	S
9 is one of the biggest industrial disasters in India.	
a) Shakti Paper Mill Gas Leak, Chattisgarh (May 7, 2020)	
b) Neyveli NSE Lignite Corporation (NLC), boiler blast Tamil Nadu, 1st July 202	_
c) Bhopal Gas tragedy1984	U
d) LG Polymers gas leak, Visakhapanam (May 7, 2020)	
10. A Schedule bank is one which has	
a) Fixed deposits of Rs. 5 lakhs	
b) Demand deposit of Rs. 5 lakhs	
c) Term deposits of Rs. 5 lakhs	
d) Paid up conital and	*
d) Paid up capital and reserve not less than Rs. 5 lakhs	
11. 'Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority's role is to	
a) Protect the interest of holders of insurance policy	
b) Regulate and promote the insurance industry	
c) Both A & B	
d) Promote the industrial sector in India	
a) 1 tomos die industrial sector in India	
12. SEBI was set up as a statutory body in	
a) 1992	
b) 1988	
c) 1993	
d) 1991	
A Committee of the Comm	

Q1 B. State whether the following statements	
Q1 B. State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE. (Any 10) 1. Structural reforms are long-term measures to improve the supply side of economy.	f the India
2. Primary Health Centers exist in semi-urban areas with populations by	
3. Atal pension Yojana provides pensions to workers in the unorganized so	ectors
country and the main objective of the Indian land	
2 done Distribution System is the responsibility of the Contraction	
o. The film of RCC is fixed on the basis of Operational land holding area	nina
Partition of thirding.	ping
7. Full form of SIDBI is Strategic Industries Development Board of India.	
o. Dump of chemicals, neavy metals and non-biodegradable materials bearing	dustrial
ordinate of soil politicion	idustriai
9. The Service sector is also known as the Secondary sector.	
10. Financial inclusion aims at providing financial services to Poor people	
11. Insurance density is falling in India.	
12. SEBI has been set up to prevent malpractices in trading.	
C SAME AND	15
A. Define social infrastructure. Discuss the Government measures to promote Educate B. Explain India's commitment to another than the control of the control	ation.
Part meta s commitment to sustainable development	93
C. Discuss the role of FDI.	
Q3. Answer any two of the following:	
A. Critically evaluate National Agricultural Policy 2000.	15
B. Explain the sources of Agricultural finance in India.	
C. Discuss the measures taken by the account of the control of the	
C. Discuss the measures taken by the government to improve agricultural marketing	in India.
Q4. Answer any two of the following:	15
A. What is disinvestment? Discuss the objectives of disinvestment policy in India	15
b. Explain the effects of industrial pollution in India	
C. What are the recent trends in tourism industry in India? Discuss.	
the of the following:	15
A. Analyse recent trends in Indian banking industry in India. B. Explain the structure of M.	
B. Explain the structure of Money market in India.	
C. Discuss reforms introduced in Indian capital market.	
26. Write short notes on any four of the following:	
A. Multi-national corporations	20
B. Agricultural price policy in India	
C. Competition Act 2003	
D. Growth of health care industry in India	
E. Trends in Insurance sector in India	
F. Structure of capital market in India	
- apart manual in andia	

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

1. All Questions are compulsory carrying 20 marks each	,
2. Exercise internal options wherever given	
3. Figures to the right represent full marks to the question	
4. All questions should be answered w.r.t assessment year 2022-23.	
5. All workings shall form part of the main answer.	
6. Use of simple calculator is allowed	
	(10
Mumbai University is assessable under the Income Tax Act as:	
An individual b. An artificial juridical person	
A local authority d. A Company	
Income from Business in London, controlled from India	
is taxable only for resident b. is taxable for non-resident	
is taxable for ordinary resident and not ordinary resident	
is exempt to solve and the sol	
Children hostel allowance is	
Exempt upto Rs. 500 per month per child, upto maximum 2 children	
Exempt upto Rs. 100 per month per child, upto maximum 2 children	
Exempt upto Rs.300 per month per child, upto maximum 2 children	
is fully exempt	
The state of the s	
is a person who is liable to pay tax / any other sum in India	
Andian citizen b. Resident in India	
any person Q Q . An assessee	
D' BY A' B' B' B'	
The maximum exemption for leave encashment, in the case of non-government employee is	_
Rs. 5,00,000 S b. Fully Exempt	
Rs. 10,00,000 d. Rs. 3,00,000	
Family pension received is taxable under the head	
Income from Salary b. Income from House Property	
Income from Capital gains d. Income from Other sources	
Mach of the Pollowing Avill he tought on Instance from Other courses?	
Which of the following will be taxable as Income from Other sources? Sub-letting of a house D. Letting of a house	
Sale of a house d. Resale of a house	
Sale of a flouse of a flouse	4
Indexation will be allowed in case of	
Short term capital gain only b. Medium term capital gains only	
Long term capital gains only d Both shoft term and long-term capital gains	
San	
is allowed as a deduction while computing business income	
Wealth tax b. Income tax	
Goods and Services tax (GST) d. Giff tax	
E P R R	
CII refers to So	
Cost Inflation Index b. Cost Improvement Index	
Cost Income Index d. Cost Indicator Index	
S S S S S	
E. S. L. S.	
2 0 35 E	
F 67 29 20	
Page 1 of 13	
A ST ST	

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- 11. Section 80 E covers deduction for payment of
- a. Interest on loan taken for Higher education
- b. Donations made to specified funds and charitable institutions
- c. Premium Paid for medical insurance
- d. Contribution to Provident Fund
- 12. Unrealised rent is normally adjusted from _
- a. Gross Annual Valuec. Municipal Value

b. Net Annual Value

d. Standard rent

Q.1 B State whether the following statements are True or False (any Ten)

(10)

- . Residential Status and Citizenship both are not different from each other.
- ii. Income from smuggling is not taxable under the Income Tax Act, as it is illegal.
- iii. Gratuity received by Government employee at the time of his retirement is Partially exempt from tax.
- iv. Municipal taxes are deductible from the Gross Annual Value only when they accrue.
- v. In case of short-term capital asset (listed shares), the minimum holding period should be 24 months.
- vi. Maximum Deduction U/s 80 C is of Rs. 1,50,000.
- vii. Gift received by a doctor from his patient, in the course of discharge of his profession, is taxable under the head income from Business/ Profession.
- viii. Capital gain acres on transfer of capital asset
- ix. Income from Self occupied property is either NIL or Negative.
- x. Interest credited to Recognized Provident Fund in excess of 9.5% p.a is taxable under the head salary.
- xi If an Individual fails to satisfies both the Basic conditions specified in Sec. 6(1) for residential status determination, he will be treated as Non-Resident.
- xii. Mumbai Mahanagar Palika is Local Authority.

02 A.

Mr. Khushal works with M's Pooja Traders. He gives you the following information for the year ended 31st March, 2022. (20)

Particulars O S	Rs.
1. Basic salary	50,000 per month
2. Dearness allowance	15,000 per month
3. Arrears of salary (not taxed earlier)	30,000
4 Bonus received	40,000
5. Conveyance allowance received (Amount spent Rs.15,000)	22,000
6. House rent allowance [Exempt u/s 10(13A) Rs:50,000)]	1,20,000 per annum
7 Entertainment allowance received	1,000 per month
8. Perquisite value of Gas, water and Electricity	11,000 per annum
9. Profession tax deducted from salary	2,500 per annum
Other Informations	
10. Interest on term deposits with companies	12,000
11. Dividend received from foreign company	10,000
12 Interest on saving bank account with State bank of India	15,000
13 Royalty received & &	20,000
14 Director's sitting fees received	25,000
15.Interest received on PPEA/c	18,000
16. He paid medical insurance premium by cheque for self.	22.500

Compute his taxable income for the Assessment year 2022-23

12491

Page 2 of 13

Q2.B: Mr. Ram, a physically disabled person (35%), provides you the following details for the Assessment year 2022-23. You are required to compute taxable income under the Income tax Act 1961.

Details of Let out House Proper

Municipal valuation Rs.12,00,000 Far Rent Rs. 15,00,000, Standard Rent Rs.16,00,000

Monthly rent Rs.1,50,000. Municipal tax paid by Mr. Ram Rs.75,000

Interest on loan taken for the construction of this house property Rs. 5,00,000 for the current previous year.

During the previous year, he has received interest of Rs. 90,000 (on 10% Debentures of Rs. 9,00,000). In addition to this, he received Dividend of Rs. 50,000 from a company based in China and also earned interest on savings bank account of Rs. 10000/-.

He has received Rs.10,000 as Award or best article written on Direct taxes. Mr. Ram has paid LIC premium in cash Rs. 50,000. Mr. Ram has won prize money of Rs.2,00,000 from Lottery. He has received Rs 25,000 as Royalty on books Expenditure in this connection with preparation of manuscript is Rs.2,500 and on purchase of books is Rs. 2000. He has received Rs.5,00,000 on Maturity of LIC policy. He has incurred Rs. 500 towards the purchase price of a lottery ticket.

Q.3 A Mr. Ansh More furnishes you the following information for the year ended 31-03-2022.

count for the year ended 31st March. 2022

Profit and Loss Account		Income	Rs.
To Salaries To Rrinting and Stationery To Travelling & Conveyance To Rent To Entertainment Expenses To Advertisement Expenses To Depreciation To Advance Income Tax To Wealth Tax To Embezzlement by an employee To Drawings To Staff Welfare Expenses	Rs. 2,40,000 20,000 30,000 60,000 15,000 45,000 32,000 10,000 8,000 20,000 88,000 65,000		8,00,000 1,50,000 10,000 40,000
To Net Profit O	10,00,000	Total	10,00,000

Other Information:

- 1. Salaries Include Rs. 40000/- paid to his friend. The same is considered as reasonable as per Income tax Rules.
- 2. Depreciation allowable as per Income Tax Rules is Rs. 42,000.
- 3. Half of the Rent is attributable towards his residential flat.
- 4. Staff Welfare expenses include 15,000 incurred for medical treatment of his physically handicapped elder brother (60%), who is also financially dependent on him.
- He spent Rs. 1,000 for purchase of lottery tickets and invested Rs. 45000 in Pension Fund of LIC. Both the amounts are debited to Drawings above. (20)

ou are required to compute his total taxable income for the Assessment Year 2022-23.

OR

Page 3 of 13

Q.3 B: Ms. Arpana Dsouza, proprietor of APD and Associates, is a differently abled person with inability to hear (disability 45%), provides you the following information for the year ended 31st March 2022.

Profit and Loss Account for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Expenses	Rs	Income	Rs.
To Salaries	12,50,000	By Gross Profit	15,70,000
To Bad Debts written off	10,000	By Income Tax Refund (including	
To Printing expenses	11,000	Interest 12,000)	80,000
To Conveyance	30,000	By UTI Dividend	40,000
To General expenses	43,000	By Gift from a Friend	10,000
To GST Penalty	9,000		
To Fire Insurance Premium	24,000,		
To Wealth Tax	36,000		
To Depreciation	1,80,000		
To Repairs &	87,000		
Maintenance	The Tale	8	
-0, 3,	1		
To Net Profit	20,000	5"	100
7, 0,	8 0	<u> </u>	
Total Co	17,00,000	Total	17,00,000

Additional Information:

1. Depreciation allowable as per Income Tax Rules - Rs.1,62,000.

2. General expenses include payment of Rs.32,000, paid in cash on 16-08-2021.

3. Salaries include salary to proprietor - Rs.4,80,000. Out of this salary, he deposited Rs. 1,00,000/- in approved tax saver mutual fund.

4. Printing expenses include Rs.8,000 for printing of marriage invitation cards of his brother's

5. He paid tution fees to a school of Rs.15,000 for his school going daughter, which is included in General Expenses.

6. He paid interest of Rs.45,000 on education loan taken from Bank of India for his son, pursuing post-graduate degree in medicine from University of Mumbai.

You are required to compute his total Taxable Income for the Assessment Year 2022-23. (20)

Q.4 A : Mr Prakash Desai purchased a house Property for Rs 18,40,000 on 5th December 1999. He incurs Rs.10000 for registration of the property.

He made further improvement in the financial year 2006-07 and financial year 2013-14, where he constructed second and third floor for Rs 2,50,000 and Rs 5,00,000 respectively.

During the previous year 2021-22, on 12th November 2021 he sold the property for Rs 2,85,00,000, and paid brokerage of 2% on the sale value. The fair market value of the property on 1.4.2001 was Rs 18:25,000

He invested Rs 1,50,00,000 in a new residential property on 25-01-2022 and also invested Rs 40,00,000 in REC bonds on 25-03-2022

Compute his Capital Gains for the Assessment Year 2022-23

(10)

Relevant Cost Inflation Indices are as follows:

Previous Year	Cost Inflation Index
2001-02	100
2006-07	122
2013-14	\$220
2021-22	317
3	5

Page 4 of 13

Q.4 B: Mr. Peter is a U.K. citizen, He came to India on 1st January, 2022 for a visit and was in India till 31st March, 2022.

In earlier previous years, the details of his stay in India as follows:

(10)

Previous Year	No. of days
	stay in India
2014-15	100
2015-16	115
2016-17	185
2017-18	199
2018-19	92
2019-20	24
2020-21	185

Find out his residential status for the Assessment year 2022-23 assuming that he is not a person of Indian origin.

OR

Q.4 C: Mr Aniket Bhide purchased a house Property for Rs 15,50,000 on 16th December 2001.

He constructs a first floor during the financial year 2009-10 for Rs 3,00,000. He made further improvement in the financial year 2015-16 and financial year 2018-19, where he constructed second and third floor for Rs 4,50,000 and Rs 8,00,000 respectively.

During the previous year 2021-22 on 15th February 2022 he sold the property for Rs 2,75,00,000, and paid brokerage of 2% on the sale value. The fair market value of the property on 1.4:2001 was Rs 16.25.000

He invested Rs 1,65,00,000 in a new residential property on 25.2.2022 and also invested Rs 55,00,000 in REC bonds on 25-03-2022

Compute his Capital Gains for the Assessment Year 2022-23

(10)

Relevant Cost Inflation Indices are as follows

Previous Year	0	Cost	nflatio	on Index
2001-02	· Car	-9V	100	
2009-10	- De	50'	148	
2015-16	NEW S	7	254	
2018-19	3	y	280	
2021-22	1	Seal Bridge	317	

Q.4 D: Mr. Kamlesh has earned the following income during the previous year ended on 31st March,

Rs.
2,00,000
1,00,000
75,000
50,000
25,000
90,000
10,000
80,000

Paper / Subject Code: 23115 / Direct and Indirect Taxation Paper - I

Compute his total income for the assessment year 2022-23 assuming as follows: a) He is Resident and Ordinarily Resident b) He is Resident but not Ordinarily Resident Q.5 A. Discuss the exemptions available under section 10 of the Income Tax Act 1961 in respect of a. Commuted Pension b. Leave Salary (10)Q.5 B. State any ten disallowable expenses under the head "Profits/Gains from Business / (10)Profession". (20) Q.5 C: Write Shoft Notes (Any 4) a) "Deductions" under the head of Salary b) Conditions to claim Depreciation under Income Tax Act, 1961 c) Deduction u/s 80 E of the Income Tax Act, 1961 d) Concept of Indexation under the head "Capital Gains" e) Define : Assessee Define : Person Page 6 of 13

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TIME: 3 HRS.

(TOTAL: 100 MARKS)

MARKS ARE INDICATED AGA	
a) Select the most appropriate answ	ver from the options given below (ANY TEN)(10)
1concep	t of marketing assumes that customers will prefer
a) Selling	b) Production
c) Exchange	d) Societal
0° 0° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10° 10	Extra Street Street Street
2. Sinvolv	es gathering, recording, analysing data about speci
marketing problems.	so gathering, recording, analysing data about speci-
a) Marketing Mix	b) Marketing Information System
c) Marketing Research	d) Market Segmentation
2	A State of the sta
loyalty pattern and buying mod	itation is done on the basis of usage rate, user status
a) Geographic	b) Demographic
c) Behavioral	d) Sociographic
o) bollaviolal	d) sociographic
4 refers to pro	tective covering of the product used in safely
handling goods.	
a) Packing	b) Branding
c) Positioning	d) Product Safety
	al factor affecting Pricing
a) Consumers	b) Quality
c) Competition	d) User
is the offert aimed at are	45 -1 57 :: 51 :1 6.
	ating and maintaining in the mind of target
a) Name Positioning	for the brand, relative to other brands.
	b) Product Life Cycle
c) Product Positioning	d) Customer Relationship Management
7. Advertising enables to counter	claims of the products.
a) Suppliers'	b) Competitors'
c) Customers'	d) Society's
8. is one of the compor	nents of Sales Management.
a) Consumer Survey	b) Warehousing
c) Packaging	d) Performance Appraisal

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9 is the personal communication of information, buy something.	to percueda
	to persuade someone to
a) Personal Selling b) Sales Promotion	- 2 3 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3
c) Direct Marketing d) Advertising	
	2 8
10. Recycling is an example of	Part of the
a) Consumer Protection b) Corporate Image	2,00
	- 49°
, - Carrott Manager	nent
11. Rural Markets are highly	
a) Scattered b)Polarised	
c) Categorised d) Globalised	
12. A diverse product portfolio reduces for the market	
	ters S
a) Profit b) Sales c) Risk d) Competitiveness	
	20° 11'
(B) State whether the following statements are True OR False: (ANY	TEN) (10)
2) 24 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	(10)
1. Strategic Marketing Management	
Strategic Marketing Management emphasizes on Customer S. Marketing Research	atisfaction.
2. Marketing Research is not applied research.	
3. Market Segmentation refers to subdividing a larger market int	o smaller markets
4. Patenting the product gives exclusive marketing rights for a co	ertain - C
years.	atam number of
5. Charging a comparatively high price while introducing the pro	duct is called as
skimming the cream pricing strategy	duct is called as
6. Service positioning helps in targeting customers effectively.	
7. A zero level channel is one in which there are multiple interme	dionica
8. Advertising is an element of promotion mix.	diaries.
9 Material handling is a significant of promotion mix.	
9. Material handling is an important element of logistics	
10. Attacking the competitor directly is called as Flank attack	
11. Product testing is a strategy to expand market share.	
12. In a competitive market the product life cycle is short.	
Q.No.2 Answer ANY TWO of the following:	(15)
a) What is Marketing? Explain its importance.	
b) What is Marketing Information System? Explain its components	S.
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c) What do you mean by Customer Relationship Management? Discuss its techniques. Q.No.3 Answer ANY TWO of the following: a) Explain different product decision areas that a firm needs to handle b) Explain the challenges in Service positioning. c) State various pricing strategies in detail. Q.No.4 Answer ANY TWO of the following: (15)a) Define the concept of Physical Distribution. explain the contemporary channels of distribution b) Define Promotion. Explain its importance. c) What are the skills required for effective selling. Q.No.5 Answer ANY TWO of the following: a) Explain the marketing strategies by a follower. b) What are the trends in Digital Marketing c) Explain the reasons for failure of brands with suitable examples Q.No.6 Write short Notes (ANY FOUR) a) Functions of Marketing. b) Benefits of Market Segmentation. c) Branding. d) Components of Supply Chain Management (SCM). e) Integrated Marketing Communication (IMC).

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Green Marketing.

	Time: 3 Hours Marks: 100
76.7	
IN	.B. 1. All Questions are compulsory.
	2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
	3. Use of Simple calculator is allowed.
	4. Working notes should form part of your answer.
Q1 A	State whether the following statements are True or False (Any Ten) (10)
	1) AS 14 is applicable for the Investment Accounting
	2) Partly paid-up shares can be bought back
	3) General Reserve is a non-free reserve 3)
	4) Sundry Creditors are shown in Trade Payables 5) Company is not liquidated in Internal Payables
	5) Company is not liquidated in Internal Reconstruction
	6) Company has to spend 5% of the Net Profit for the Corporate Social Responsibility
	7) Ethics are the rules which should be followed by all
	8) Profit and Loss Account and Security premium are also the sources of buy back
	of shares
	9) Loss on sale of investment is debited to profit and Loss Account
	10) In Company Balance Sheet, Capital Reserve is shown in the head of Share
	Capital.
	11) Claims forgone by creditors are debited in the capital reduction account
	12) Computer Software is the intangible asset.
	12) Osmpater Software is the mangiote asset.
)1 B	Rewrite the following sentences choosing the correct answer (Any Ten)
	1) Interest on Debenture is calculated on (Market Price /Face Value /Far
	Value)
	2) Bills Payable is shown under (Inventories/Other current
	Liabilities/Trade Payables)
	3) The word 'ethics' is derived from(Latin/French/Greek)
	4) Statutory Audit is conducted by(Director/internal Auditor/External
	Auditor)
	5) Employee Salary is shown under (Finance Costs/Employee Benefits
	Expense/Other Expenses)
	6) Interest on Bank Loan paid is shown under (Other Expenses/Other Income
	Finance Costs)
	7) Sub division of shares is(Value of shares reduced/ Value of Shares
	Increased/No Changes in Value of shares)
	8) Debt Equity Ratio after buy back of shares should be in(1:1/1:2/2:1)
	9) Surrender of shares means (Giving up possession of shares/Fortenant
	of shares/Buyback of shares)
	10) Dividend on Equity Shares are ascertained on the basis of (Authorised
	Capital/Paid up Capital/Issued Capital)
	11) Before Buy back all the shares must be (Fully paid up/ Partly paid up/
	Fully subscribed
	12) Cheque on hand should be shown under the head of (Other Career
	Assets/ Inventories/ Cash and Cash Equivalents)
	The state of the s

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Q2 A Trial Balance as at 31.3.2022 of GAGAN Ltd is as under

Particulars	Debit	Credit
Stock as on 1.4.2021	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Purchases and Sales	1,00,000	0
Return Invested 1 P	4,82,500	
Return Inwards and Return outwards Machinery	7,000	,,00,00
Factory Building	75,000) 12,50
Computer	1,00,000	
	50,000	
Sundry Debtors and Creditors Bank Interest paid	81,500	
Cash at Bank	3,000	009000
Cash in hand with cashier	20,000	1
Share issue Expenses	5,500	- S
Productive Wages	15,000	
Fuel Fuel	45,000	3 3
Directors Sitting fees	30,000	
Audit fees	5,000	
Administrative expenses	3,000	22
Salaries Salaries	15,000	
Stock Insurance	25,000	3
Repairs to Computer	3,750	N
Loan from Bank (secured)	6,250	
Called up Capital 1 200 1	1	27,000
Called up Capital. 1,200 shares of 100 each Securities premium	220	1,20,000
General reserve	W	30,000
Profit and Loss statement L.	160	35,000
Profit and Loss statement balance1.4.2021		25,000
Total osing Stock as on 31.3.2022 was 1,53,000.	10,72,500	10,72,500

Trade Payables include Rs. 10,000 outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small

Prepare statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2022 and Balance sheet as on that date of GAGAN Limited as per the requirement of

The following is the Balance Sheet of Vaibhay Shipping Limited as at 31st March, (10)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assata	
Share Capital:	33	Assets	Rs.
1,00,000 Equity Shares of		Fixed Assets:	1200000
Rs.10 each fully paid	10,00,000		
Reserve and Surplus:	,00,000	-	
pads.		Investment in Bonds	3,00,000

Page 2 of 14

Security Premium	3,00,000	Current Assets, Loans and Advances	A STATE OF
General Reserves	4,00,000	Other current Assets	4,00,000
Profit and Loss Account	3,00,000	Bank Balance	9,00,000
Secured Loan:	0		
10% Debentures	5,00,000		A. Land
Unsecured Loans	1,00,000		95
Current Liabilities and Provisions:	11/262		
Creditors	2,00,000		1891 ÇI
Total	28,00,000	Total -	28,00,000

The company decides to buy back the maximum number of equity shares as may be permitted by law at a price of Rs. 20 per share, being the current market price.

Pass journal entries in the books of Vaibhay Shipping Limited assuming that buy back is carried out. (Do not prepare Balance Sheet).

On 1 February 2022, Ms. Urvi bought 100, 12% Debentures of SJ Ltd. Rs. 94 each ex-interest. On 30th April 2022 she again purchased 250, 12% Debentures at Rs. 103 each cum-interest. On 1st November 2022 she sold 150 Debentures at Rs. 99 each ex-interest.

Prepare Investment in 12% Debentures Account in the books of Ms. Urvi. for the year and 31st March 2023. Notes should be part of your answer.

- Mr. Swanand was dealing in 12% Debentures of RS Ltd having face value Rs. 100 (20)

 He furnished the following details about its transactions:
 - 01/04/2022- Opening balance-3,000 Debentures, cost Rs. 2,50,000
 - 01/06/2022- Purchased 1,200 Debentures at Rs. 96 each Cum Interest.
 - 01/08/2022- Sold 500 Debentures Rs. 99 each Cum Interest.
 - 01/12/2022- Purchased 800 Debentures at Rs. 93 Ex Interest.
 - 01/02/2023- Sold 1500 Debentures Rs. 90 each Ex- Interest.

Interest being payable on 31st March and 30th September every year. The market value of the Debentures on 31st March 2023 was at Rs. 93 each. Debentures are valued at lower of cost or market price.

Prepare Investment in 12% Debentures Account for the year 2022-23. Apply AS-13.

OR

DB Following is the Balance sheet of TOM Ltd. as on 31st March, 2023.

(20)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Share capital	50,00,000	Fixed Assets	75,00,000
(Shares of Rs. 100 each)		Goodwill	5,00,000
10% Preference Share Capital	10,00,000	Investments	30,00,000
Bank Loan	22,00,000	Debtors	15,00,000

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	1,90,00,000	1 0 E	1,90,00,000
8% Debentures Creditors Bills Payables		Bank balance Preliminary Exp.	36,00,000 4,00,000
O/s Salaries	28,00,000	- M	25,00,000

Note: - Preference dividend is in arrears for three years.

The following scheme of reconstruction was submitted & approved by the court

- 1. Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each fully paid were reduced to the denomination of Rs. 40/- each fully paid.
- 2. 10% Preference shares be reduced to Rs. 50/- each.
- 3. Rs. 15,000/- be paid to Preference shareholders in lieu of arrears of Preference dividend.
- 4. Fixed assets be appreciated by 25% & provision be made for doubtful debts at 5% on debtors.
- 5. Investments of Rs. 3,50,000, miscellaneous exp & goodwill written off.
 Give journal entries for the above scheme of reconstruction. Prepare Capital
 Reduction Account in the books of TQM Ltd. & Balance sheet of the company after
 reconstruction.

Q4 A The Balance Sheet of Solarfield Limited as at 31 March 2022 is as follows:

(20)

Particulars	Notes Amt Rs.
1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	A S
I. Equity and Liabilities	3
1. Shareholders' Funds:	Solida N. Leng.
a) Share Capital	1 5,00,000
b) Reserves and Surplus	2 7,60,000
	18 4 18
2. Share Application Money Pending	District States
Allotment	S STATE OF
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Secretary of the second
3. Non-current Liabilities:	
a) Long-term Borrowings	3 1,10,000
a) pong-torm borrowings	A Fire the second of
4.Current Liabilities:	
a) Other Current Liabilities	4,00,000
a) Other Current Diabilities	1,00,000
The second second	17,70,000
Total C C S	17,70,000
A ST ST ST ST	
II. Assets	
1. Non-current Assets:	
a) Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible	
Assets	2 22 222
i) Property, Plant & Equipment.	2,00,000
b) Non-current Investments	12,00,000
8 8 6	
2. Current Assets:	

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a) Current Investments	() () () () ()
b) Inventories	85,000
c) Trade Receivables	2,00,000
d) Cash and Cash Equivalents	85,000
	05,000
Total	1770 000
	17,70,000
Notes to Accounts	
Particulars S	The second second
	Rs.
1. Share Capital:	
Authorised Capital:	
1,00,000 Equity Shares of 10 each	10,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital:	Level - The total
50,000 Equity Shares of 10 each fully paid	5,00,000
	3,00,000
2. Reserve and Surplus:	
General Reserve	Scanno
Securities Premium	60,000
Profit and Loss Balance	5,00,000
Tront and Loss Balance	2,00,000
S 1000s N 5	7,60,000
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Carrie of a
3. Long-term Borrowings	P and who
12% Debentures	50,000
Term Loan	60,000
- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	1,10,000
- 0 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10	

The terms of buyback as per resolution passed was as under;

- i) Buy back 10% of the paid-up capital @ Rs. 12 each.
- ii) Sell investments worth Rs. 1,00,000 for Rs. 80,000.
- iii) Issue 1,000, 8% Debentures of Rs.100 each at a premium of 10% to finance the buy back of shares.
- iv) Maintain a balance of Rs. 50,000 in General Reserve account

Pass necessary Journal Entries and prepare Balance Sheet immediately after the buy back in the books of Solarfield Limited.

OR

Q4 B Following is the Balance Sheet of Damyanti Ltd. as on 31st March, 2023.

(10)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Share Capital	4,00,000	Fixed Assets	7,00,000
(Share of Rs. 10 each)		Goodwill	50,000
10% Preference Share Capital	1,00,000	Investments	50,000
Bank Loan	1,50,000	Bank balance	7,00,000

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O/s Salaries 9% Debentures Bills Payables Sundry Creditors		Other Current Assets Preliminary Exp.	1,00,000
The state of the s	16,50,000		16,50,000

The following scheme of reconstruction was submitted & approved by the court.

- 1. 10% Preference Shares of the Rs.100/- each fully paid were reduced to 13% Preference Shares of Rs.75 each.
- Equity Shares of Rs. 100/- each fully paid were reduced to the denomination of Rs. 30/- each.
- 3. Fixed assets be appreciated by 25% & provision be made for doubtful debts at 5% on debtors.
- 4. Investments, Miscellaneous Exp & Goodwill written off.

number and Authors Will a Pleanand Security.

Give journal entries for the above scheme of reconstruction of Damyanti Ltd.

Q4 C Maya Enterprise Private Limited furnishes you with the following Trial balance as on (10) 31st March, 2022.

Particulars	Debit	Credit
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Cash in Hand	50,000	1,69
Balance with Bank	1,00,000	
Sundry Debtors	1,75,000	94
Investment in Debentures of Tata Ltd	2,00,000	Manual Control
Stock at cost	75,000	THE STATE OF
Advance Income Tax paid	2,00,000	.0
Provision for Income Tax		1,75,000
Sundry Creditors	1 300 30 1000	1,50,000
Equity Share Capital (FV Re. 1 each)	7.7	5,00,000
Profit & Loss Account		2,00,000
Advance received from customer	8 20	50,000
Provision for Doubtful Debts		25,000
Fixed deposits with IDBI Bank (maturity on 31.7.2022)	2,50,000	23,000
General Reserve	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,00,000
Fixed Assets	2,10,000	1,00,000
Accumulated depreciation	-,20,000	60,000
Total O	12,60,000	12,60,000

The directors have proposed to maintain final equity dividend @ 15% and appropriation of Rs. 1,00,000 to General Reserve.

Creditors include Rs. 4,00,000 payable to MSME

Prepare Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022 as required by the Companies Act, 2013.

Q5 A What are the determinants of amount of buy back of shares? (10)

Q5 B What is Internal Reconstruction? How the accounts are affected? (10)

OR

Q5 C Write Short Notes (Any Four)

1) Buy back of shares

- 2) Fixed and Variable Income Investments
- 3) Role of Whistle Blowing
- 4) Objectives of Ethics Education
- 5) Statement of Profit and Loss
- 6) Pre Acquisition Dividend and Post Acquisition Dividend

TIME: 3 HRS.

(TOTAL: 100 MARKS)

1. ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPU 2. MARKS ARE INDICATED AGA	
2. MARKS ARE INDICATED AGA	and teach question
1. (A) Select the most appropriate answ	ver from the options given below (ANY TEN)(10)
1concept those products which are aggre	t of marketing assumes that customers will prefer
a) Selling	b) Production
c) Exchange	d) Societal
2 6 2	
2 involv	es gathering, recording, analysing data about specifi
a) Marketing Mix	Workstin Tofon in S
c) Marketing Research	b) Marketing Information System d) Market Segmentation
o) markoung research	d) Warker Segmentation
3segmen	tation is done on the basis of usage rate, user status,
loyalty pattern and buying mot	ives.
a) Geographic	b) Demographic
c) Behavioral	d) Sociographic
A motors to much	St
handling goods.	ective covering of the product used in safely
a) Packing	b) Branding
c) Positioning	d) Product Safety
c) i ositioning	d) Floduct Salety
5. is the interna	I factor affecting Pricing
a) Consumers	b) Quality
c) Competition	d) User
	Commence of the second second second
6 is the effort aimed at crea	iting and maintaining in the mind of target
	for the brand, relative to other brands.
a) Name Positioning	b) Product Life Cycle
c) Product Positioning	d) Customer Relationship Management
7 8 8 8	
7. Advertising enables to counter	7 73 7
a) Suppliers' c) Customers'	b) Competitors'
C) Customers	d) Society's
8 is one of the compon	ents of Sales Management.
a) Consumer Survey	b) Warehousing
c) Packaging	d) Performance Appraisal

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9 is the personal communication of information, to persuade someone to buy something.
a) Personal Selling b) Sales Promotion
c) Direct Marketing d) Advertising
10. Recycling is an example of
a) Consumer Protection b) Corporate Image
c) Green Marketing d) Distribution Management
11. Rural Markets are highly a) Scattered b)Polarised
a) Scattered b)Polarised c) Categorised d) Globalised
d) Globaliscu
12. A diverse product portfolio reduces for the marketers
a) Profit b) Sales
c) Risk d) Competitiveness
(B) State whether the following statements are True OR False: (ANY TEN) (10)
1. Strategic Marketing Management emphasizes on Customer Satisfaction.
2. Marketing Research is not applied research.
3. Market Segmentation refers to subdividing a larger market into smaller markets.
4. Patenting the product gives exclusive marketing rights for a certain number of
years.
5. Charging a comparatively high price while introducing the product is called as
skimming the cream pricing strategy
Sample of the state of the stat
6. Service positioning helps in targeting customers effectively.
7. A zero level channel is one in which there are multiple intermediaries.
8. Advertising is an element of promotion mix.
9. Material handling is an important element of logistics
10. Attacking the competitor directly is called as Flank attack
11. Product testing is a strategy to expand market share.
12. In a competitive market the product life cycle is short.
Q.No.2 Answer ANY TWO of the following: (15)
a) What is Marketing? Explain its importance.
b) What is Marketing Information System? Explain its components.

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c) What do you mean by Customer Relationship Management? Discuss its techniques. Q.No.3 Answer ANY TWO of the following: a) Explain different product decision areas that a firm needs to handle. b) Explain the challenges in Service positioning. c) State various pricing strategies in detail. Q.No.4 Answer ANY TWO of the following: a) Define the concept of Physical Distribution. explain the contemporary channels of b) Define Promotion. Explain its importance. c) What are the skills required for effective selling Q.No.5 Answer ANY TWO of the following: a) Explain the marketing strategies by a follower. b) What are the trends in Digital Marketing c) Explain the reasons for failure of brands with suitable examples Q.No.6 Write short Notes (ANY FOUR) a) Functions of Marketing.

b) Benefits of Market Segmentation.

c) Branding.

d) Components of Supply Chain Management (SCM).

e) Integrated Marketing Communication (IMC).

f) Green Marketing.