Question Paper Set of

F.Y.B.A.F. SemmI

Megular Exam

University of Mumbai

December, 2017

FYBAF 21/11/14

Q. P. Code:-24467

(Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours)

(Marks:75)

Note: 1]Q - 1 is compulsory

2] Q - 2 to Q - 5 with internal choice

- 3] Figures at right indicates full marks for question.
- 4] Use of standard calculator is permitted
- 5] Working notes should form part of your answers

Q-1 A] State whether the following Statement is True / False (Any 08)

- 1. Prime cost includes factory overheads.
- 2. Stock levels are fixed up for inventory control.
- 3. Dearness allowance is linked with cost of living index.
- 4. Piece rate method pays the workers by results.
- 5. Selling and distribution overheads are same as administrative overheads.
- 6. Linking overheads to cost unit is known as overhead absorption.
- 7. Stores Ledger shows movement of materials showing quantity and value
- 8. In no case, material should go below minimum level.
- 9. Power is allocated on the basis of H.P. of machines.
- 10. Employee welfare expenses are allocated on the basis of labour hours.

B] Select correct alternative and rewrite the sentence (Any 07)

(07)

(08)

- 1. Labour hour rate is followed when most of the work is done by
- a) labour b) machines c) different groups of machines
- 2. Clock Card is placed at
 - a) The entrance of the office b) the entrance of the factory c) the entrance of the stores
- 3. Stores Department maintains a record in which a separate folio is maintained for each item
 - a) Stores Ledger b) Bin Card c) Stock Register
- 4. When allocating service department costs to production departments, the method that does not consider different cost behaviour pattern is the
 - a) step method b) reciprocal method c) simple rate method d) dual rate method
- 5. A common absorption rate used throughout the following for all jobs and units of output irrespective of the department in which they were produced is called
 - a) machine hour rate b) department absorption rate c) overall absorption rate
 - d) blanket absorption rate
- 6. The process by which cost items are charged direct to a cost unit is called
- a) absorption b) apportionment c) a
 - c) allocation d) allotment
- 7. Goods received note is normally prepared in
 - a) Six copies b) five copies c) four copies

Page 1 of 4

			Q. P. Co	de:-2446
8. Material	control includes	North Control		
a) in	ventory control b) con	ntrol over l	abour c) control over overheads	
a) St	raight piece work b) pre	mium bon	us c) measured day work	
	Carreir are chilling hell w	nen		
Q-2 The fo	orkers are absent b) accollowing are the receipts	and issues	s place c) there machine breakdow s of coal in a factory during March 2017	wn (15)
March 1	Opening stock 2000	ons at Rs	46 per tou	
4	135ucu 1400 tons			5 5 5 5
6	Purchased 3500 tons	at Rs. 45 p	ertan	
8	Return due to damage	condition	purchased on 6 th March 300 tones.	
9			r water on o watch 300 tones.	
14	Issued 2100 tons			27.50
17	Purchased 2000 tons	at RS. 48 p	er ton	
20	issued 1200 tons		(4) (5) (4) (4) (5) (5) (5) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6	
25 28	Purchased 1800 tons	it Rs. 47 pc	er ton	
31	issued 2800 tons			
	Excess found in stock	430 tons d	tue to wrong weighing during the month	
Show the Sto	es Leuger Account und		stem and weighted average method	tooo tons.
Q-2A. Two	components 'A' and 'I	3' are need	or in Mahindra – Industries as follows:	
		300	m Manindra – Industries as follows:	(08)
Minimum Usa	ige of Order of State	150	units per week each units per week each	
Maximum Us	age	450	units per week each	
Re – order Qu	antity : A	180	0 units	
D (2000)	\mathbf{B}		0 units	
Re – order Per	iod : A		6 weeks	
Calavilate	\mathbf{B}		4 weeks	
calculate for e	ach component:	8200		
1. Re – or	der Level			
2. Minim 3. Maxim	IIII Level			
4 Average	Stock Level			
B] Determine t	ne EOQ from the follow	ing particu	ılars:	
tinidal Consul	ipuon		2,025units	(07)
Cost of materia		:	Rs. 60 per unit	
Cost of placing	an order	:	Rs. 36	
uniuai carrying	cost of one unit :		10% of inventory value	
			value	

Q-3 a] From the following particulars, work out earnings for the week of a worker under: (08)

1. Straight Piece rate System 2. Differential Piece rate System

3. Halsey Premium System 4. Rowan System Number of working Hours per week: Wages per hour Rs. 3.75 Rate per piece Rs. 1.50 Normal Time per piece 20 minutes Normal Output per week

120 pieces Actual Output for the week: 150 pieces

Differential Piece rate: 80% of piece rate when output is below standard and 120% when above

B] Daily wage rate guaranteed for a worker is Rs, 1.80 and he standard output fixed for a week is 100 articles, representing 100% efficiency. The guaranteed wage rate is paid without bonus, to those workers who show efficiency upto 70% of the standard. Beyond this, bonus is payable on a graded scale in the fixed ratio to the increased output as under:

Efficiency: 90% Bonus Payable: 10%

Efficiency: 100% Bonus payable : 20%

Further increased of 1% in the bonus is given for every 1% increase in the efficiency.

Calculate the total earnings of 4 workers who have worked for a week and their output was as

No. 1:50 articles No. 2 : 90 articles No. 3: 100 articles No. 4: 120 articles week is considered to be of 6 days only (07)OR

Q-3 A] Explain the factors affecting wages

(08)

- B] Calculate the total remuneration of three workers A, B, C from the following data: (07)
- 1. Standard production per month per worker: 1,000 units
- 2. Actual production during the month: A 850 units, B: 750 units, C 950 units

3. Piece work rate is 10 paise per unit of production

4. Additional production bonus is RS, 10 for each percentage of actual production exceeding 80% of standard production

5. Dearness allowance: fixed @ Rs. 50 p.m.

 $Q \simeq 4~Krunal~Ltd.$ has four production departments A, B, C and D and two service department X and Y. The particulars of expenses of the respective departments are as follows:

Production departn	ients		Service de	partments
A B	C	D	X	V
Rs.5000 Rs.4,500	Rs.4,000	Rs.3,500	Rs. 2.750	Rs 1 900

The expenses of Service Departments are charges out on a percentage basis given below:

Particulars	Produ	uction	Dept.		Service Departn	
(9,6/9,0),	А	В	C	D	X	Y
Service Dept. X	10%	30%	20%	20%	-	20%
Service Dept. Y	30%	20%	30%	10%	10%	2070

Page 3 of 4



Q. P. Code:-24467

Prepare statement showing distribution of overheads using Repeated Distribution method and Simultaneous Equation Method

OR

Q-4 From the following information work out the production hour rate of recovery of overhead

Particulars	Total Rs.	Produ	ction De	partment	Service	Departmen
Rent Electricity Fire insurance Plant Depreciation Transport Estimated Working Hours Expenses of service Depart	5,000 1,000 2,000 20,000 2,000	(Rs.) 1,000 250 400 5,000 250	400 800 7,500 250	250	P. (Rsz) 750 100 300 1,500 500	Q (Rs.) 500 100 200 1,000 750

Expenses of service Department P and Q are apportioned as under

M	NT C	0.000	N. 58 P. 18
30%	4000	2000	PQ
10%	200/	20%	10%
	M 30%	M N 30% 40% 10% 20%	M N O 30% 40% 20% 10% 20% 50%

The expenses of Service Department may be apportioned with the help of Repeated Distribution method and Simultaneous Equation Method

- Q-5 A] What is time keeping? Explain the need of recording attendance time (08)
 - B] Explain the functions of Purchase department

(07)

OR

- Q-5 Write Short Notes (Any 3)
- 1. Absorption of overheads
- 2. ABC Analysis
- 3. Fixed cost and variable cost
- 4. Stock levels
- 5. Primary distribution of overheads

Page 4 of 4

Fin Management. B.A.F. Sem: - I

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Q.P. Code: 00288

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[Marks:75]

NR.

- 1. All questions are compulsory each carrying 15 marks.
- 2. Use of only simple calculator is permitted.
 - 3. Working notes should form part of your answer

Q.1	A)	Fill in the blanks (any 8 out of 10).	(08
	1)	There are decisions of financial management.	
	2)	Capital structure is relevant in decision.	
	3)	Making one deposit today in order to be able to make several withdrawals late is called as	
	4)	If the rate is 16% compounded quarterly and deposits will be made for 5 years, then the number of period's are	
	5)	EBIT(-) = EBT	
	6)	Value is the end value of the fixed asset at the end of its useful life.	
	7)	WACC stands for	
	8)	The abbreviation "IPO" stands for	
	9)	Financing decision involve the most appropriate mix of	
	10)	is the inability of a company to cover fixed financial changes.	

B) Match the following (any 7 out of 10).

(07)

Sr.No.	A SECOND	Sr.No.	В
S10 -	Assets	A C	ිරි Compounding
200	Share Stock	OB	Share
3	Present Value	3,4000	Bundle of Shares
4	Cost of Debt	O De	Investment Decision
5 0	Dividend	CE.	Liabilities + Equity
6	Capital Budgeting	∯ F	Affected by Tax
17 7 C	Future Value	G	Discounting
8	Wealth Maximization	Н	Non cash Item
86988	WACC		Objective of Financial Management
10%	Depreciation	J	Lowest

- Q.2 A) Mr. Akshay deposits Rs.200000 annually in a bank for 5 years. The deposit earns 10% per year. What is the future value at the end of 5 years?
 - B) Mr. Mahi is planning to purchase a machine at a discount rate of 10%. This would give following cash flow. Find out the present value of the cash flows. If the cost of machine is Rs.2,20,000 will it be a feasible option.

Year	Cash flow (Rs.)
1	65000
2	80000
3	150000
4	80000

PV factors of Rs 1

Year	1	2	30300	4 5000	5
10%	0.909	0.826	0.751	0.683	0.621

OR

- Q.2 A) Seven equal annual payments of Rs.50000 are made into a deposit account that pays 11 percent interest per year. What is the future value of this annuity?
 - B) A bank Promises to give you Rs. 1100000 after 3 years at the rate of 9.5% interest. How much should you deposit today?
- Q.3 Calculate operating leverage and financial leverage under situations 1 and 2 and financial plans A and B respectively from the following information relating to the operation and capital structure of a company.

Installed capacity

8000 units

Actual Production and sales

50% of installed capacity

Selling price per unit -

Rs.40

Variable cost per unit

Rs.20

Fixed cost:

Under Situation 12 Rs. 50000

Under Situation II - Rs. 75000

	Plan A	Plan B
Equity share capital of Rs. 100 each	5,00,000	4,00,000
Bank Loan at 6%	3,00,000	4,00,000

Q.P. Code: 00288

Q.3 From the following particulars, prepare income statement of A Ltd.

	A Ltd.	B Ltd.
Operating leverage	3	4 888
Financial leverage	2	3 0000
Interest charges per annum	12 Lakhs	10 Lakhs
Tax rate	40%	40%
Variable cost as % of sales	60%	50%

- Q.4 A) PAM.Ltd. issued Rs.50 Lakhs Preference shares of Rs.100 each redeemable at par after 6 years. Dividend (08) tax rate is 20%. Calculate the cost of Preference Shares
 - 1. no floatation cost
 - 2. if the issue is at par with 10% floatation cost
 - B) Risk Ltd. Plans to issue 8000 new equity shares of Rs. 100 each at par. The floatation cost is expected to be (07) 5% of the share price. The company pays dividend of Rs. 15 per share and growth in dividend is expected to be 5%. Compute the cost of equity share, if the market price of equity share is Rs. 220.

OF

Q.4 Following are the details of KBS Ltd.

()

10% Debentures (Rs.100 Per debentures) - Rs.10,00,000

8% Preference Shares (Rs. 100 Per Share) - Rs. 5,00,000

Equity Shares(Rs.10 Per Share) - Rs. 20,00,000

Dividend is expected at the end of the year Rs. 3 per share, growth rate in dividend in 10% and Tax rate is 40%

Calculate the weighted average cost of capital by considering the above information.

Q.5 A) Explain the advantages of Retained earnings.

(08)

(07)

(15)

- B) Explain the importance of financial management.
 - OR

- A) Write short notes on any three:
 - 1. Debentures
 - 2. Long term source of finance
 - 3. Profit Maximization
 - 4. Financial decisions
 - 5. Financial Leverage

COW: -1 B.A.F. Sem: - 1

Q.P. Code: 25908

Duration: 2 1/2 hours.

Max marks: 75

NOTE:

i. All questions are compulsory.

ii. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

iii.Draw neat and clean diagram wherever necessary.

Q1 Match the Column: (Any 8)

1) Organic Objective

2) Political Environment

3) Demographic Environment

4) Generate Employment

5) SEBI

7) Investment in Micro Manufacturing Enterprises, g. Investment upto 10 Lakhs.

8) Investment in Micro Service Enterprises 9) FDI in Telecom

10) FDI in Gambling

6) Diversification

a. Not Allowed

b. 100%

c. Internal Growth Strategy

d. Survival

e Investment upto 25 Lakhs

f. Legislature, Executive and Judiciary

h. Responsibility Towards Society

i. Clause 49

j. Age & Gender

State whether the following statements are true or false (Any 7) b.

Corporate Culture acts as comforting security blanket for employees in the organisation. 1)

PESTLE Analysis pinpoints shortcomings in the present set up of the company. 2)

District forum entertains complaints upto rupees twenty lakhs. 3)

Ecological degradation is the result of unplanned industrialization. 4)

World Environment Day is on 6th June every year. 5)

Balance of trade is favourable when exports are less than imports. 6)

FDI inflow is permitted in gambling and betting. 7)

MNCs have helped but not harmed the developing countries. 8)

Corporate Governance is socially useful. 9)

Profit and Profiteering is one and the same.

Q2 Explain meaning and importance of business objectives.

Discuss Technological and Legal environment in detail. b.

OR

Q.P. Code: 25908

5 7

8

15

Q2	a	What is business ethics? Discuss its main features.
	b.	Explain the economic and psychological factors influencing entrepreneurial development.
		and positioned actors influencing entrepreneurial development.
Q3	a	Discuss the reasons for slow growth of consumerism in India.
	b.	Enumerate the features of Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
		and reducted of Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
02		OR CONTRACTOR
Q3	a	Explain the advantages of good corporate citizenship
	b.	Write a detailed note of Audit Committee
Q4	a	State and explain the features of social audit.
	b.	Discuss briefly the external growth strategies.
Q4	а	
	b.	Explain the dangers of MNCs to developing countries with reference to present scenario.
	0.	Write a detailed note on India's Foreign Trade.
0.5	,	
Q5	a	Discuss objectives and functions of WTO:
	b.	Explain positive implications of FDI in India.
O =		Control of the contro
Q5		Write short notes on any 3:
	a.	National Objectives of Business
	b. (SWOT Analysis
	C.Jo	Corporate Culture
Č	d.	Carbon Credit
	The second secon	VEHICLE PROPERTY AND

Economia B. A. F. 500: 1 Q.P. Code: 00784

28/11/17

[Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Marks:75]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B:

- 1. All Questions are compulsory.
- 2. Figures to right indicate full marks.
- 3. Draw diagrams wherever necessary
- 11 a) State whether the following statements are True or False. (Any Eight)

(08)

- 1) Microeconomics deals with the analysis of national income.
- 2) Extension and contraction can be shown on the same demand curve.
- 3) Regression method forecasts demand accurately.
- 4) Cross elasticity of demand for substitutes is positive.
- 5) A technically efficient- production function indicates absence of wastage of resources.
- 6) External economies may occur due to division of labour.
- Demand curve of a monopolist is sloping upward from left to right.
- Price is very flexible in oligopoly.
- 9) Dumping is known as international price discrimination.
- 10) Full cost pricing method has certain limitation.
- b) Match the following (Any Seven)

Group A	Group B
1) Equations	a) Shut down point
2) Negative income effect	b) Substitutes
3) Demand forecasting	s) External economies
4) Positive cross elasticity of demand	d) Mathematically express functions
5) Iso-cost line	e) Prof. Paul Sweezy
6) Localisation economies 2000	f) Inferior goods
7) TVC=TR	g) Determined by govt
8) kinked demand curve	h) Survey method
9) Administered Pricing	Cost incurred on additional unit
10) Marginal cost pricing	j) Budget line
	k) Hall and Hitch
	I) Complementary

Explain the different types of income elasticity of demand.

(80)

b) Describe in detail the different methods of demand forecasting.

(07)

OR

103

(03

(07

(08

(07)

(08)

(07)

(08)

180)

(07)

(15)

c) The demand function for commodity wheat is given by Q_{dw} = 100-5. The price of wheat is given by Q_{dw} = 100-5.

Price of wheat (Rs.)	Quantity demanded (kg)
2	I Duit samuel & Comme
4	and any in Francisco
6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
8	DAVE SEE

Answer the following questions:-

- 1) Calculate quantity of demand for wheat at given prices.
- 2) With the help of above demand Schedule draw the demand curve.
- 3) Calculate price elasticity of demand when price changes from Rs 4 to % &
- d) Explain the relationship between AR and MR curves under monopoly.
- Q.3 a) Discuss the laws of returns to scale in detail.
 - b) Explain the various types of external economies of scale.

OF

c) Given TFC as Rs 150, Calculate TC, ATC, AFC and MC from the information given below

Units	1 1	(130000012000000000000000000000000000000	20	
TVC	25 50	2 3 4	5	6
100	33 .00	60 80 110	160	230

- d) What is Break even point? Explain the business application of Break even analysis.
- Q.4 a) Explain long run equilibrium of a firm under the monopolistic competitive market.
 - b) Distinguish between perfect competition and monopoly.

OR

- c) What is perfect competition and what are its features?
- d) What is price leadership? Explain the types of price leadership.
- Q.5 a) Define price discrimination. What are the various forms of price discrimination?
 - b) What is multiproduct pricing? How is it done?

OR

- Q.5 Write short Notes: (Any Three)
 - 1) Production Possibility Curve
 - 2) Factors affecting demand
 - 3) Promotional elasticity of demand
 - 4). Types of Production function
 - 5) Cartel formation

24/11/2017

F.C. B.A.F. Sem: -1

Q.P. Code :22472

[Time: 2:30Hours]

[Marks: 75]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B:

Q.1

1. All questions are compulsory.

2. Figures to the right indicate full marks:

A) Choose the correct alternative. (any eight) i)is the holy book of the Christians.		is the holy book of the Christians
		a) Bible b)Quran c)Torah
	ii)	Indian society isin nature. a) a)Tribal b) Urban c)Pluralistic
	iii)	The traditional Hindu society was divided into varnas. a) Three b) Four c) Six
	iv)	Dowry harassment is a type of violence against women. a) Social b) Sexual c) Domestic -
	v)	a) Astigmation b) Glaucoma c) Trachoma
	vi)	Ami: Hindi agitations took place in India. a) Northern b)Southern c)Western
	vii)	arises out of religious fundamentalism. a) Communalism b)Casteism c)Secularism
	vili)	The word envisages the goal of a welfare state. a) Sovereign b)Seculer c)Socialist.
	ix).	Indian constitution has adopted Democracy. a) Parliamentary b)Presidential c)Direct
	x)	is the head of the Gram panchayat. a) President c)Mayor c)Sarpanch

Q.P. Code :22472

	B) State whether the following statements are true or false. (Any seven)	0/
	i) The founder of Sikhism is Guru Govind Singh.	St a
	ii) Eve teasing is a social violence against women	
	iii) In India, the states are formed mostly on the basis of language.	
	iv) Glaucoma can be detected during pregnancy	5/9
	v) Communalism is opposed to secularism	77
	vi) Regionalism can cause inter – state tension and confrontation.	
	vii) The Fundamental Duties in Indian Constitution are justiciable in nature.	
	viii) The Indian constitution is the shortest written constitution of the world.	
	ix) The existence of political parties is not an essential requirement of a democratic country.	
	x) The Constitution of India confers single citizenship:	
Q.2	Explain the regional variation in India according to rural and urban characteristics.	15
Q,,,_	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
	Discuss various types of violence against women in Indian society.	
Q.3	Define 'Communalism'. Discuss the features of communal conflict in India.	1.5
Ų.3		
	What is Regionalism? What are the causes for growth of Regionalism?	
	Discuss in brief salient features of the Indian constitution.	15
Q.4	Discuss in brief satient leatures of the strategy of the strat	
	Discuss the Fundamental Duties of Indian Citizen enshrined in the Indian Constitution.	
0.5	What are the challenges to women's political participation in India? Suggest measures to overcome the	15
Q.5	challenges.	
	OR OR	
	Write short note on (Any three)	
	i) India as a multicultural society.	
	ii) Inequalities against people with physical disabilities	
	Citif Caste conflicts in India.	
Auto-17	iv) The Preamble to the Indian constitution.	
	v) The Regional political parties in India.	

B.G. B.A.F. Sero .. 1

Q. P. Code: 24639

(Time: 2 1/2 Hours)

(Total Marks: 75)

(8)

Please sheck that you have the Correct Question Paper N.B.: All questions are compulsory

Q.I. (A) Match the Columns (Any Eight):

1. 'C' Of Communication	
2. Proxemics	A. Facial Expressions
3. Kinesics	B. Distance
4. Physical Barrier	C Courtesy
	D. Nearness
5. General Agreement	E. Language Barrier
6. Homonyms	f. Jargon
7. Salutation	
8. Persuasion	G. Sales Objective
9. Posters	H. Outdoor Publicity
60,000	I. Dear Sir/Madam
10. Technical Terminology	J. Consensus

(B) State whether the following statements are True or False (Any Seven): (7)

- 1. In a letter the signature is positioned below the sender's name.
- 2. Grapevine is a formal, primary channel of communication.
- 3. Oral communication is necessarily only face to-face.
- 4. Silence is not a means of communication.
- 5. High morale boosts workplace performance.
- 6. When a Manager advises a subordinate it is Downward Communication.
- 7. Hearing is by choice.
- 8. Sound files can be sent by SMs.
- 9 To motivate is to discourage a person.
- 10. The Inside Address is a compulsory part of a Business Letter.

P.T.O.

The second of	
II. (A) List the rules for effective Listening.	(7)
(B) Elaborate on the importance of Feedback in communication	
Or A SECTION OF THE RESERVE OF THE R	(8)
(C) Elaborate on the importance of Body Language in communication.	
(D) List and explain the advantages and disadvantages of Horizontal Communication.	(7) on (8)
III. (A) List and explain the advantages, disadvantages and common patterns of Grapevine Communication.	(15)
(B) Explain the term Business Ethics with special reference to Surrogate Advertising.	(15)
IV. (A) Draft a Letter of Application with Curriculum Vitae for the post of a Senior Clerk with Proconnect Productions Pvt. Ltd., Andheri West, Mumbai. Use the	(10)
(B) Ms. Mehvish Shah has been offered the post of a Senior Accountant with Synergy Productions Pvt. Ltd., Bandra West, Mumbai. Draft a Letter of Job Acceptance on her behalf. Use the Modified Block format.	(05)
(C) Draft a Letter of Application with Curriculum Vitae for the post of Senior Manager at Sophya Films Pvt. Ltd., Lower Parel, Mumbai. Use the Complete Block format.	(10)
(D) Ms. Madhavi Singh has been working as Senior Accountant with Rajeshwari Industries, Nashik since the last seven years and would now like to resign from her post to seek a better career opportunity. Draft a Letter of Resignation on her behalf. Use the Semi Block layout.	(05)
V. Write Short Notes on the following (Any Three):	1
1. Corporate Social Responsibility 2. Socio-cultural Barriers to Communication 3. You' Attitude	15)
4. The Advantages and Disadvantages of the Internet 5. Personal Integrity as a Business Ethic	