



PRAHLADRAI DALMIA LIONS COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & ECONOMICS

ISO 9001: 2015 Certified

PROGRAM: BMS	SEMESTER: II SET -I REG APRIL 2023
CLASS: FYBMS	COURSE/ SUBJECT: Principles of Marketing
MARKS: 75	TIME: 2.5 HRS.

NOTE: 1. All questions are compulsory

	2. Figures to the right indicate ma	arks
Q.1 (A) Fill in the Blanks (Any 8 out of 1	0) (08)
1. 2.	When agreement is reached, we say	
3.		dwill of the producer, brand name, brand
4.		nbh" campaign is based on the concepts of
5.	Market segmentation is the	activity of a marketer
		the price is calculated as a percentage of selling
7.		- oriented promotion techniques
	refers to all those force	es or factors that influences marketing decisions
		nich one forms about a certain situation or object
		ng consumer profile and their buying pattern
Q.1 (B)	Match the Following (Any 7 out of	10) (07)
-	ational Factors	a. Five
2. Prod	uct Concept	b. Usage Rate
3. Socie	etal Concepts	c. 4 p's
4. Psycl	hographic Segmentation	d. Perception of Brands in the minds of customer
5. Mark	et Research	e. Physical Surroundings
	vioural Segmentation	f. Good quality goods
7. Brand		g. Customer Loyalty
	s of Product	h. Personality
the latest	e Mc Carthy	i. Solves Specific Problem
10.CRM		j. Green Goods

	c. Vertically	d.	Systematically
9.	An Organization is basically group of	b.	Workers
	a. Society	d.	Officers

1

Q2. (A). What is Marketing? Explain the nature and function of marketing?	(15
0R	
Q2. (B) Discuss the evolution of marketing concepts and core concepts of marketing reference to needs, wants, demands and transactions with suitable marketing example.	ng with ples (15
Q3. (A) What is marketing mix and explain the components of marketing environments	nent (15)
OR	
Q3. (B) What is consumer behaviour and explain the factors of consumer behavious suitable marketing examples?	ar with (15)
Q4. (A) What do you mean by pricing of marketing mix? Explain the different pric strategies along with a suitable examples?	ring (15)
OR	
Q4. (B) What is physical distribution along with different types of distribution cha explain the different tools of promotions which helps in selling the product in mark	nnels? cet? (15)
(B) What is positioning.	(08)
(B) What is positioning and importance of it?	(07)
OR	(0.)
(C) Short notes (Attempt any 3)	
1. Direct Marketing	(15)
Social Media Marketing with examples Types of targeting.	
Types of targeting	
4. Packaging	
Froduct line with suitable example of any brand	



(a) 5 (b) -5 (c) -3 (d) 3 (10) The value of 6p₆ is

(a)720 (b) 725 (c) 270 (d) 275

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TERM END SEMESTER II APRIL, 2023 (SET-I)

COURSE/ SUBJECT: BUSINESS MATHEMATICS	
TIME: 2 HRS 30 MINS.	
e answer (Any eight)	(8)
one of these	
5,000 for 8 months at 10% p.a. is	
tates. $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 3 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$	
netric matrix (c) Identity matrix (d) None of these	
(c) f(x)+f(x-h) (d) none of these	
of price.	
0715	
	alsory icate marks. Ite answer (Any eight) one of these 5,000 for 8 months at 10% p.a. is 1 ₹1,050 (d) None of these tates. 2 -2 3 0 same as the matrix, it is called the tric matrix (c) Identity matrix (d) None of these (c) f(x)+f(x-h) (d) none of these the of price. In of price.

(1) The value of 7! = 520. (2) All square matrices are diagonal matrices.	
(2) Description is always greater than maturity amount.	
(4) The point where there is no profit, no loss, it is called	
(5) Principal amount is also known as present value.	
(6) Determinate can be solved for square Matrix only.	
(7) The forward difference operator is denoted by Δ. (8) If any two rows of a matrix are interchanged, then the value of the changes is sign.	m only.
(O) The sum of two null matrices is a null matrix.	
(10)The derivative of a derivative is called second order derivatives.	
Q-2 Attempt either (A), (B) OR (P), (Q) (A) Mr Thomas invested an amount of ₹ 13,900 divided in two difference scheme A the simple interest rate of 14% p.a. and 11% p.a. respectively. If the total amount of interest earned in 2 years be ₹ 3,508, what was the amount invested in scheme B?	and B at simple (8)
(B) If $f(x) = 3x^2-2x+4$, find x for which $f(x) = f(x-1)$	(7)
OR	
(P) A person wants to set up an education account for his child and would like to ha 75000 after 15 years. He get an account that pays 5.6% interest compound half year would like to deposit money in the account every 6 months. How large must each do in order to reach his goal?	ly ,and ne
(Q) A committee of 5 persons is to be formed from 6 doctors and 5 nurses. Find the	total
number of ways if committee can be selected of	
(i) All doctors (ii) 3 doctors and 2 nurses.	(7)
Q-3 Attempt either (A), (B) OR (P), (Q)	
(A) Solve the following system of equation using Cramer's Rule.	
5x+3y-2z=6	
3x+3y-4z=2	
8x+2y-3z=7	(8)
(B) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$	
Find (i) $A^T + B^T$ (ii) $(2A - B)^T$	(7)

(B) State whether the following are True or False (Any Seven)

(7)

(P) For the following input-output table.

(8)

Industry	Consumption b	y Industry	Final Demand	Total Output
-	X	Y		Total Galpai
X	20	15	65	100
Y	25	20	75	120

- (i) Find technology matrix, (ii) Find Leontief matrix.
- (Q) Solve the following using the method of reduction.

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 3 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$

Q-4 Attempt either (A), (B) OR (P), (Q)

(A) Differentiate the following w.r.t x

(8)

(7)

(i)
$$y = 8 \log x - 9x^5 + 3(9^x)$$
 (ii) $y = (3^x + x^2)(e^x + \log x)$

(ii)
$$y = (3^x + x^2) (e^x + \log x)$$

(B) If $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 5$ and h=1 be the interval of differencing. Find $\nabla f(3)$ and $\nabla^2 f(3)$.

(7)

OR

(P) For a function f(x), f(0) = 4, f(2) = 6, f(4) = 56, f(6) = 202, f(8) = 492. Find f(3) by using Newton's forward difference interpolation formula.

(Q) Find $\frac{d2y}{dx^2}$ (Second order Derivatives)

(i)
$$y = x^4 - 6x^3 + 4x^2 - 7$$

(ii)
$$y = a^x + \log x + x^5$$

(7)

Q-5 Attempt either (A), (B) OR (P)

(A) Liza intends to take a loan of ₹ 2 lakhs and she want to repay it in 5 years, with interest, ICICI Bank offers her the loan amount at 9% is p.a. on monthly reducing balance. Bank of HDFC offers the loan at 7 % p.a.flat interest rate. Decide the choice of bank Liza should make by comparing the EMI's.

(B) Find the value without expanding

(i)
$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b & a+b \\ c & d & c+d \\ e & f & e+f \end{vmatrix}$$

(ii) 16 17 18 19 20 21

OR

(P) Short Notes (Attempt any three)

(15)

(7)

- (1) Explain the terms break-even point and equilibrium point.
- (2) Bring out the difference between simple Interest and compound Interest.
- (3) Types of matrices (Any five)
- (4) Distinguish between permutation and combination.
- (5) What is determinate explain with helps of example.



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TERM END SEMESTER. II APRIL, 2023

CRAME BMS	SEMESTER: II SET-I REG APRIL 2023
ISS: FYEMS	COURSE/ SUBJECT: FOUNDATION COURSE-II
ESS 75	TIME: 2 HRS 30 MINS.

OTE: L.All questions are compulsory

2. Figures to the right indicate marks

1 (A) Select the appropriate answer and fill in the blanks: (Any 8 out of 19).	8 marks
According to the New Industrial Policy, only industries require licensing. (8, 5, 6, 7) needs include appreciation and search for beauty, art and architect forms as per Maslow's theory (Cognitive, Survival, Aesthetic, Transcendence) A positive stress is also known as (Distress, PO-stress, P-Stress, Eustress) According to, people should have social equality along with equal access to public areas. (Article 12, Article 15, Article 17, Article 19) is a situation wherein two parties are in complete disagreement with each other. (Frustration, anger, conflict, stress) Human rights have become more specific and well defined after the signing of in 1215.	
is the sloid, rocky crust covering entire planet. (Atmosphere, Geosphere, Lithosphere, Hydrosphere) refers to the concept where farmers work with corporate firms and share the rewards. (Contract farming, co-operative farming, corporate farming, customised farming) The UDHR consists of a Preamble and articles. (13, 30, 28, 25) (13) The flow of energy in an ecosystem has 3 main components- Primary producers, Consumers and (Secondary producers, Depleters, Decomposers, Primary consumers) (Distress, Po-stress, Eustress, P-Stress)	

LLB) Match the given Columns: (Anv 7 out of 10)

	Match the given Columns: (Any	-	Column "B"
	Column "A"	A	Act of aggression
	Aggression	B	Surface of the land is worn/washed away.
	Emissions	C	Behaviour intended to cause harm or pain.
	Family and teachers	D	Universally applicable
1	Anthrosphere	E	Exception to freedom of speech
5	Sustainable Development	F	Reflect character
6	Violence	G	Man-made environment
7	Human rights	H	Society, Environment and Economy
8	Erosions	I	Releasing chemicals into the environment
9	Values and Ethics	1	Agents of socialization
19	Defamation	3	

Q.II .A) Explain the concept of liberalization and some major elements under liberalization in India. (8 marks) Q.II. B) Write about a few reasons that lead to farmer's suicide in India. OR (15 marks) Q-II (C) What is Migration? Explain the causes of Migration along with its impact/effects. (8 marks) Q.III .A) What are human rights? State a few characteristics of Human rights. (7 marks) Q.III. B) Explain "Right against Exploitation". OR Q.III (C) Explain in brief about the different Fundamental rights as per the Constitution of India. . (15 marks) Q.IV .A) What is Environment Degradation? What are the various forms in which Environment is degraded? OR (15 marks) Q.IV. B) Explain the Components of Environment in brief. Q.V.A) What is Stress? Elaborate a few measures to cope up with stress. (8 marks) Q.V.B) Write a note on some of the Conflict resolving strategies. (7 marks) Q.V. C) Write Short Notes on the following (Any 3 out of 5): 1) Causes of Environment Degradation. 2) Sustainable Development 3) Impact of Globalization. 4) Maslow's Need Hierarchical Theory 5) Conflict and types of Conflict





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PROGRAM: BMS	SEMESTER: II SET -I REG APRIL 2023		
CLASS: FYBMS	COURSE/ SUBJECT: INDUSTRIAL LAW		
MARKS: 75	TIME: 2.5 HRS.		

Note: 1) All questions are compulsory carrying 15 marks each

- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks
- 3) Mention relevant case laws where necessary

Q1 (A) True or False: (Any 8)

(08)

- 1. Conciliation officer has an authority to pass an award.
- 2. Amalgamation of 2 or more trade unions is possible after recording 60% of votes in favor of proposal for
- 3. In a factory there should be at least one first aid box for every 100 workers.
- 4. Temporary partial disablement reduces the earning capacity of an employee in every employment which he was capable of undertaking at the time of accident leading to disablement.
- 5. In ESI Act, an employer's contribution is 3.05%.
- 6. EDLI is an insurance to give life cover to the employees of organized sector.
- In Employees Pension Scheme, an employee is not required to contribute separately under the Employees' Pension Scheme.
- 8. Under Payment of Wages Act, maximum fine that can be imposed is 5% of wages payable to an employed person.
- 9. The term Gratuity is not defined in Payment of Gratuity Act.
- 10. Under Bonus Act, the excess amount carried forward in the next year is called as Set-off.

Q.1 (B) Multiple choice questions: (Any 7)	(07)
Precautions against dangerous fumes is an example of under Factories	
Act, 1948. (Health Provisions, Safety Provisions, Welfare Provisions, Medical Provisions)	
Works committee is constituted by (central government, state government appropriate government, employer)	
3. Any person who has attained the age of years may be a member of a register union. (15, 18, 21,30)	ed trade

4. An unregistered trade union is (unlawful, not u	inlawful, illegal, separate legal entity)
5. Safety Officers are employed in a factory having	or more workers. (100, 200, 1000, 2000)
5. Safety Officers are employed in a factory	is% of salary or wage.
6. The maximum amount of bonus payable to an employee	
(10, 15, 20, 25)	A Carlo Important body, Executive
body, Apex body)	
8. Maximum amount of Gratuity payable is Rs (10 la	akh, 15 lakh, 20lakh, 25lakh)
 Excess allocable surplus carried forward to next year is Gratuity) 	called (Bonus, Set-On, Set-Off,
10. Which of the following is not included under definition	of Wages as per Wages Act?
(Basic Wage, dearness allowance, incentive, gratuity)	O: (A) Prus or Felon. (Any s)
Q.2(A) Explain the concept of Lay-Off in detail.	no due no soil see The ported area (15)
OR	sistering a trade union? (08)
Q.2(B) What is a trade union? What are the benefits of reg (C) What are the provisions of Labour Court?	istering a trade union? (08)
Q.3(A) Define a factory. What are the objectives of Factor Safety mentioned under Factories Act. OR	ries Act? Explain the rules related to (15)
Q.3 (B) Explain the concept of employer's liability to pay	compensation in detail. (15)
Q.4(A) What are the provisions of ESI Corporation under establishment, constitution and term of ESI Corporation u	r Sections 3, 4 and 5 related to inder ESI Act? (15)
OR	
Q.4(B) What are the provisions of Employees Pension Sci Scheme, 1995?	theme as per Employees pension (15)
Q.5(A) What are the conditions under which an employer in case of fine and damage? (B) What are the rules related to rate of gratuity and	(08)
OR	
Size principle of the size of	count recognitude recognitudes (15)
1. Award	
2. Doctrine of assumed risk	
Certifying Surgeon	
4. Contracting & Contracting Out	
5. Set On & Set Off	



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PROGRAM: BMS	SEMEST	SEMESTER: II SET-4		
CLASS: FYBMS	COURSE	COURSE/ SUBJECT: PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT		
MARKS: 75		TIME: 2 HRS 30 MINS.		
2) Figures to t	ns are compulsory carry the right indicate full m sice questions (Any 8)		each	(8)
1	have high concern for	people, but no	or little concern	for production.
	y Club Management			road management
C. Task N	anagement	0	. Team Manage	ment
	lans are meant for repe			
c. Standin	g	f	Single use	
g. Realisti	c	h	. Time bound	
2 Controlization	implies concentration o	f the authority	at the	level of the organization.
Centralization i a. Top	inpires concennation o		Middle	Ter or the organization
c. Lower		d.	Non of above	
	organization structure is	davaland on	ontanaously and	automatically out of
4. interactions bet		developed sp	ontaneously and	automanicany out of
a. Formal	ween persons	b.	Informal	
c. Matrix		d.	All of above	
5. One who guide	s and direct other people	le by his own	examples, he pui	lls rather than push is known
as				
a. Leader			Motivator	
c. Head		d.	Subordinate.	
6.	is the process of moni	itoring actual	performance and	taking corrective measure if
required.			Controlling	
a. Coordin			Directing	
e. Leaders	пр	u.	Directing	
7. Superior can de	legate the	to subordi	nate .	
a. Respons	ibility	b.	Authority	
c. Account	ability		All of above	
8. According to V.	A. Graicunas, as the na	umber of subc	ordinates increas	es arithmetically the number
of relationships	which the superior has	to control ars	Geometrically	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
a. Horizon		d.	Systematically	
c. Vertical	y	u.	Systematically	
9. An Organization	n is basically group of			
a. Society		b.		
c. Persons		d.	Officers	